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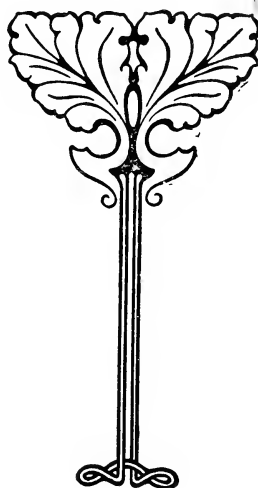
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MAR 6 1925

ROSEDALE

Fall 1922



RECEIVED
MAR 6 1925
ROSEDALE

To Our Customers.

We take this opportunity to thank our customers for continued confidence. Our sales the past two years have far exceeded those of any previous two years that we have been trying to solve your horticultural problems. Owing to ideal growing weather, we are able to offer this fall the best and most complete list. Every department is full of good varieties.

Write plainly the explicit directions as to address and mode of shipment. Without instructions we will use our best judgment and forward by the shortest and safest route. We recommend express for all small shipments and herbaceous plants.

PRICES in this catalog cancel all previous lists and are subject to change without notice. Our prices are f. o. b. our shipping station or at the nursery. By combining several small orders for a nearby locality, motor truck delivery could be made at a nominal charge. Arrangement can be made for long distance deliveries by truck of full truck loads.

PACKING. All goods are thoroughly packed, insuring safe delivery. All packing charges are included in our list prices, except for specimen stock of unusual size, of which packing will be at cost.

TERMS. Cash with the order, except to parties who satisfy us with their financial responsibility when accounts are due in thirty days.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS. All goods are guaranteed true to name, full count, and in good condition when shipped. Any plant proving untrue to name will be replaced. Our stock, having been frequently transplanted, thrifty, and well packed, insures its success if properly cared for after planting. There are so many conditions beyond our control after it leaves our hands that we can give no guarantee on the life of the stock; however, any just complaint will receive our utmost consideration if claims are made within five days after receipt of goods. All goods are at purchaser's risk after delivered to forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for shipment in good condition. Claims for damages when in transit must be made to delivering company; have the delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight bill, promptly present your claim to the transportation company and send us copies of all papers so we can help you secure prompt settlement.

TO PLANT A TREE OR SHRUB IS A VERY EASY MATTER IF ONE WILL CAREFULLY FOLLOW THESE 4 RULES:

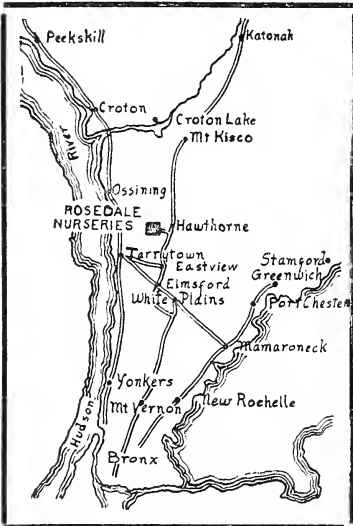
FIRST.—Dig the holes large enough to admit the roots to spread out in their natural position, and deep enough to allow the plant to stand at the same depth it stood in the nursery. More trees are lost by deep planting than by shallow.

SECOND.—Use no fertilizer, but sprinkle fine soil among the roots, shaking the tree a little if necessary, or using the hand, if the fibrous roots are very numerous, so that every root may come in contact with the soil.

THIRD.—When the roots are well covered, the earth should be tramped, or tamped, as firm as a post. Put in more earth and tamp again. The last two or three inches of earth should not be tamped, leaving it loose for the rain to be taken in. Do not round up the earth about the tree, lest the water run off. If the weather is dry early in fall or late in the spring, water may be poured in about the tree; otherwise it is seldom necessary.

FOURTH.—Give the tree a good mulching to hold the moisture, or stir the ground with a hoe once a week.

DELIVERY.—It may be noted by the map that our nursery is in the heart of Westchester County, which insures quick delivery by truck to all points within the county and nearby points in Connecticut, so that you may plant your choice material within a few hours after it has left the nursery soil.



In the Heart of Westchester Co.

ROSEDALE NURSERIES, Telephone 628, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

PEONIES FOR FALL PLANTING



O flowers exceed the Peonies in popularity, and none are more easily grown. They are seldom attacked by insects or disease, and are perfectly hardy, requiring no covering in the severest weather. They thrive in all kinds of soil and flourish in a rich, deep loam. They demand much moisture at bloom'ing time, and if grown in partial shade the blooms will, therefore last longer and be equally fine in other respects.

No hardy perennial is of more permanent value than the Peony. The first cost is the only cost, and they continue to increase in size and value for many years. The foliage is rich and of beautiful deep green color, which renders the plant very ornamental even when out of flower, and few other flowers are so well adapted for interior decoration and none make more massive color effect when planted in a border or in a bed on the lawn. Their popularity has increased during the past few years since the new improved varieties have been disseminated. Peonies range in color from cream and pure white through the various shades of pink and red to the deepest purple and maroon, in all possible combinations of tint and form.

Suitable Places for Peonies

Since peonies are very decorative in all situations, not only because of the splendor of their blooms but also from their attractive foliage, they are not out of place in almost any location. Care should be taken, however, not to plant them too near the spreading roots of trees and shrubs which would rob them of nourishment and moisture, but partial shade from trees at a distance is beneficial. Peonies make a very attractive border along a path or driveway, especially if planted alternately with phlox so that the season of bloom may be continued most of the summer. They are also very effective in large beds, either alone or interspersed with phlox. If desired for abundance of cut flowers only, they may be planted in the vegetable garden.

Suggestions for Peony Collections

Most helpful suggestions as to making a collection of peonies may be found in an able article. "Everyman's Peonies," by Prof. A. P. Saunders, Secretary of the American Peony Society, in the September, 1916, "Garden Magazine", a portion of which we quote herewith. He says:

"It is a mistake to suppose that all the best Peonies are of recent origin, and therefore high in price. Many sorts that have been on the market for half a century, and are now quite cheap, are still so good that they should be in every collection, and some are still stubbornly contesting with the newcomers their right to be considered the finest in their class. There is, then, no difficulty in choosing from among the low priced sorts a group of half a dozen whose quality is extra.

Duchess de Nemours (Calot). White.

Festiva maxima. White.

Jeanne d'Arc. Cream and pink.

Mlle. Leonie Calot. Pink and yellow.

Marie Lemoine. White (late).

Of the above varieties there is not one but will unfold new wonders of delight if some of its blooms are brought indoors.

If we may continue this list to include a second half dozen, selling a little higher in price I should name as of unexceptionable quality, these:

Madame Emile Galle. Flesh Pink.

Eugene Verdier. Flesh pink and yellow.

Carnea elegans (Calot.) Pink and cream.

Madame de Galhau. Pink.

Madame de Vatry. Pale pink and cream.

Richardson's Grandiflora. Pale rose pink (late).

And if more were desired at this level of price, it would be safe to add: Eugene Verdier, Glorie de Charles Gombault La Rosiere, Monsieur Dupont, Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille.

This gives such a collection as any one might be happy to own. But there are some buyers who are not happy in following suggestions made under a price limit, and for such, I give now a list of

BEST PEONIES REGARDLESS OF COST

In a list of the fifty best peonies, I should include all or almost all of those named above, in addition to other more costly kinds.

Regardless of anything, then, except the sheer beauty of the flower, my choice of the very cream of what we now have would include these sorts: Therese, Le Cygne, Mme. Emile Galle, Albatre or Avalanche—two varieties almost if not quite identical, Marie

Crousse, Grandiflora, James Kelway, Venus, Duchess de Nemours (Calot), Jeanne d'Arc, Philomele, Marie Lemoine, Eugene Verdier, Mme. Boulanger, Baroness Schroeder, Mlle. Leonie Calot, Milton Hill, Carnea Elegans (Calot).

Prof. Saunders confesses he is not fond of deeper pinks and reds but for those who desire these colors names the following: Mon. Jules Elie, Livingston, Kelways Queen, Albert Crousse, Claire Dubois, Felix Crousse, Edouard Andre, Mon. Martin Cahuzac, Adolph Rousseau, Volcan.

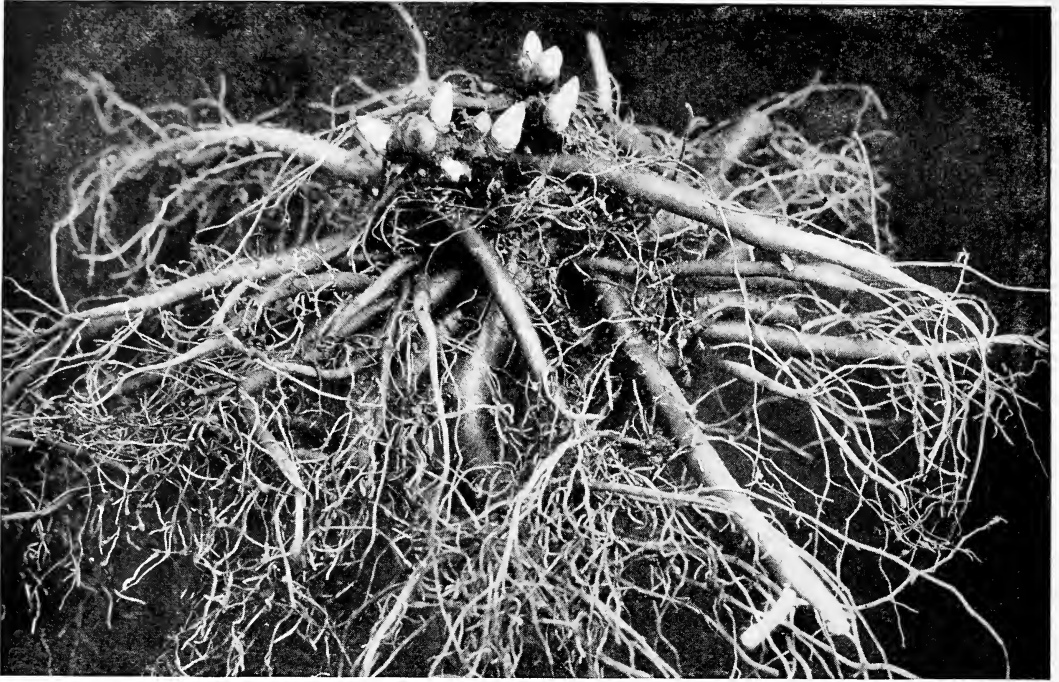
He further says: "Some single Peonies, like great Wild Roses with hearts of gold, should certainly be included in your collection."

For three or four years we have been publishing the above suggestions of Prof. Saunders, believing them very helpful to those who do not know peonies. But there is a wide range in price in those he names.

We would divide the whole list of peonies into four classes: First, new and scarce varieties which sell from four dollars up; Second, those that sell from \$1.50 to \$4.00; Third, those that sell at prices from 75c up to \$1.50; and Fourth, all those that sell below 75c. Purchasers from class one are likely to be peony fans or those who do not need advice about the selection. Purchasers of plants in class four are looking for some of the good old varieties of peonies for landscape purposes at a minimum price and would select largely according to color. Purchasers of plants from classes two and three may find assistance in the following lines.

For those who wish a choice selection of peonies at a moderate price, say not to exceed \$1.50 each, a purchaser would never be disappointed in any of the following, viz: Albert Crousse, Augustin d'Hour, Avalanche, Carnea Elegans, Claire Dubois, Couronne d'Or, Eugene Verdier, Grandiflora, Lamartine, La Rosiere, La Tendresse, Livingstone, Mme. Emile Galle, Mlle. Rousseau, Marguerite Gerard, Marie Jacquin, Marie Lemoine, Modeste Guerin, Philomele, Prince de Talindye, Venus, Lemon Queen, and Whitley Major.

For those who have these varieties and are willing to pay a little more, the following named varieties are well worth the prices: Adolphe Rousseau, Asa Gray, Aurore, Baroness Schroeder, Eugene Verdier, Germaine Bigot, Mme. Auguste Dessert, Mme. Emile Lemoine, Mme. Lemonnier, Marcelle Dessert, Marie Crousse, Milton Hill, Mons. Jules Elie, Reine Hortense, Clairette, La Fiancee, L'Etincelante, Mikako.



Peony Root

Culture of the Peony



THE Peony is of exceedingly easy culture, perfectly hardy and not very particular about the nature of the soil, but is particular about having good fertility.

SOIL. To perfect so many large blossoms as a good clump of Peonies will set, the soil should be well prepared so that plenty of nourishment as well as moisture may be had at blooming time. Although any good fertilizer, if well incorporated with the soil, will do, none is better than well rotted cow manure, which should be used in liberal quantities, but placed far enough below the roots so that the rootlets will not be affected by it until they have well started to grow. If the sub-soil is of a good loamy texture, the excavation of two feet with a layer of six inches of well rotted cow manure at the bottom, well spaded in, will be sufficient. If, however, the subsoil is of the nature of light sand or hardpan, it should be removed entirely and alternate layers of old sods and manure put in its place. Heavy clay should be lightened by the aid of sand, leaf mold and manure, mixing it thoroughly by overturning it several times.

PLANTING. The time to plant Peonies is September and October, although they may be safely planted whenever the ground is open until April 1st. Do not plant before September 5th lest the roots should not be well ripened; and do not leave the matter until spring, for they are sure to make considerable growth before the ground is workable. Like other plants, the roots should be planted at the proper depth and the earth very tightly packed among and over them. Be sure to set the eyes three or four inches below the surface. Plants should be set at least three feet apart so that they will have ample room for development.

After the ground is frozen to a depth of two or three inches it is well to cover the plants the first season

with a light dressing of manure to keep them from heaving by the frost. They do not need to have protection from the cold and will not need it after the first winter as the roots will have fast hold of the ground and will endure the most severe climate. If covered too deeply or planted too deeply they are apt to send up blind buds.

CULTIVATION. In early spring as soon as the ground has dried out sufficiently, the soil about the plant should be dug over to work in the manure and pulverize the soil. Shallow cultivation should be continued at intervals all summer to maintain the dust mulch.

A good way to utilize the ground the first season or two is to plant a row of Phlox between the rows of Peonies. Should there be an extreme drought in April or May, a thorough drenching of the beds once or twice a week would well repay in extra bloom. As Phloxes are fond of the same treatment these plants thrive well together, the latter giving a succession of bloom for two months after the Peonies are over.

If large, individual blooms are desired, the lateral buds should be removed early, thus throwing all the strength into the one central bud; and, if exhibition blooms are wanted, several of the stems may be pinched off when they emerge from the ground, leaving two or three of the stronger ones which will take the entire strength of the plant. An application of liquid manure to the roots once a week soon after the buds have formed, will also increase the size and color of the flower.

AS A CUT FLOWER the Peony is unexcelled. Cut when the first outer petals roll back and place in a cool room, always giving the flower stems a fresh cut every day, and also fresh water. The moment the buds are cut they should be dropped into a bucket of water. Developed in this way, most varieties will last a week. To retard them several days place them in a room that is cool and dark. In this way they may be kept beyond their period of bloom and will open larger and of better color than those left on the plant.

A Month of Peonies According to Color

Let us help you select early, midseason and late varieties, so as to give a month of white, a month of yellow, a month of light pink, a month of deep pink, a month of red or a month of purple.

In the following list of Peonies according to color, we have indicated by the letters "E"—early; "M"—midseason; and "L"—late varieties. These are still further differentiated, very early, early midseason, late midseason, very late in the descriptions in the full alphabetical list.

The earliest to bloom are the Officialis varieties, which begin blooming in this vicinity about May 20th, the season closing June 25th to July 4th with such varieties as Grandiflora, Madame de Galhau, Madame Emile Galle, Marie Lemoine, Purpurea Superba, and others.

Double Varieties

WHITE

Albatre (M).
Alsace-Lorraine (L).
Avalanche (M).
Baroness Schroeder (M).
Boule de Neige (E).
Canari (L).
Couronne d'Or (L).
Festiva (L).
Festiva Maxima (E).
Frances Willard (L).
James Kelway (M).
Jubilee (M).
La Rosiere (M).
La Tendresse (E).
Le Cygne (E).
Marcelle Dessert (M).
Marie (L).
Marie Lemoine (L).
Marie Jacquin (M).
Mme. Crousse (L).
Mme. de Verneville (E).
Mme. Emile Lemoine (M).
Mons. Dupont (M).
Mont Blanc (M).
Officialis Mutabilis (E).

BLUSH OR FLESH COLOR

Albert Crousse (L).
Alfred de Musset (L).
Asa Gray (M).
Aurore (L).
Carnea Elegans (Calot) (L).
Elwood Pleas (L).

Eugenie Verdier (M).
Galathee (L).
Germaine Bigot (M).
Grandiflora (L).
La Tulipe (M).
Mlle. Leonie Calot (M).
Mlle. Marie Calot (L).
Mlle. Rousseau (M).
Mme. Boulanger (M).
Mme. August Dessert (M).
Mme. Calot (E).
Mme. de Galhau (L).
Mme. de Treyeran (E).
Mme. de Vetry (M).
Marguerite Gerard (M).
Marie Crousse (M).
Marie d'Hour (M).
Milton Hill (L).
Number One (L).
Octavie Demay (E).
Pierre Ducharte (L).
Rosa Bonheur (M).
Rose d'Amour (M).
Solange (L).
Souv. de Louis Bigot (M).
Therese (E).
Tourangelle (M).
Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille (M).

YELLOW

Dr. Bretonneau (Guerin) (M).
Duchess de Nemours (M).
Duke of Wellington (M).
Golden Harvest (M).

Grandiflora Nivea Plena (E).
Lady Curzon (M).
Laura Dessert (E).
Lemon Queen (L).
Philomele (M).
Primevere (M).

MEDIUM PINK

Eugene Verdier (L).
Gloire de Charles Gombault (L).
Jeanne d'Arc (E).
Lady Alexander Duff (M).
Lamartine (E).
Livingstone (L).
Mlle. Renee Dessert (M).
Mme. Bollet (M).
Mme. d'Hour (M).
Mme. Ducl (E).
Mme. Emile Galle (L).
Mme. Jules Dessert (L).
Mme. Lemonier (M).
Martha Bulloch (L).
Mons. Jules Elie (E).
Reine Hortense (M).
Sarah Bernhardt (M).
Umbellata Rosea (E).
Venus (M).

DEEPER PINKS

Claire du Bois (L).
Edulis Superba (E).
Eugene Reignoux (E).
General Bertrand (E).
Henry Murger (L).
Mme. Chaumy (L).

Mme. Geissler (M).
Mme. Lemoine (M).
Miodeste (Guerin) (E).
Mme. Muysart (L).
Mons. Bastien LePage (M).
Mons. Barral (L).
Mons. Boucharlat Aine (M).
Petite Renee (M).
Suzanne Dessert (M).
Walter Faxon (M).

RED

Augustin d'Hour (M).
Eugene Bigot (M).
Felix Crousse (M).
Gloire de Chenonceaux (M).
Gloire de Touraine (L).
Kame-no-Kerogomo (L).
Karl Rosenfield (M).
Longfellow (M).
Lord Kitchener (L).
Officialis rubra (E).
Rubra superba (L).
Souv. du Dr. Bretonneau (M).

DEEP RED AND PURPLE

Adolphe Rousseau (E).
De Candolle (M).
Delachei (M).
Mme. Bucquet (M).
Mons. Martin Cahuzac (E).
Purpurea Superba (L).
Prince de Talindyke (L).

Japanese and Single Peonies—(Mostly Early to Midseason)

(S)—Single. (J)—Japanese.

WHITE

Eglantine (S).
Ho-Gioku (J).
Isan-Gidui (J).
La Fiancee (S).
Lucienne (S).
Marguerite Dessert (S).

No. 1,000 (S).
Perle Blanche (S).
White Lady (S).
Whittley Major (S).
Yeso (J).

PINK

Clairette (S).

Dog Rose (S).
Hermes (S).
Madeline Gauthier (S).
Perle Rose (S).
Princess of Wales (S).
Tokio (J).
Venise (S).

RED

Kameno-Kerogomo (J).
Kino-Kimo (J).
L'Etincelante (S).
Mikado (J).
Veloutine (S).
Vesuve (S).

For twenty years we have been interested in collecting and growing the best peonies. We have from time to time rejected varieties that did not come up to our high ideal, with the hope of reducing our list to 100 varieties. But many new varieties have come out in recent years, some of which are superior to many of the older varieties. Thus we have been adding as well as rejecting, and our list now comprises a little less than 200 varieties.

The Best Size Roots to Buy

While our strong one year roots will all bloom for you the first year, the two year size is the best buy; for having become established the first year from division, the growth is more than double the second year and the prices are only about one-half more. Of a very few rare, high priced varieties, we offer 2-4 eye divisions, but in every case this is stated in the price list.

Some growers are offering divided roots at about the same prices as those of our one year plants. Our plants have had a year to heal the wound from dividing and grow a lot of fine roots to push the plants next year.

Rosedale roots need no coddling or nursing. Time for development under our careful culture in soil adapted to their growth has given them the "pep" for business.



A Basket of Scarce, New Varieties

With such choice ones, no wonder we get orders from many other Peony specialists.

It in Doubt, Ask Us.

From the short descriptions in any peony list, the buyer is often at a loss to decide. We suggest, **FIRST:** Forget about prices; for many of the good ones are only \$1.00 or less; (e. g.) Festiva Maxima at 65c is unexcelled by any other white peony priced at less than \$5.00. **SECOND:** Note carefully the rating. If a variety with 20 or more votes is rated 8.0 or above, you cannot go wrong, no matter how low the price, and there are quite a number below 8.0 that should be in every collection. No peony lover could do without Edulis Superba 7.6, Gloire de Chas. Gombault 7.9, Mme. de Verneville 7.7, or Mme. Crousse and Mme. de Galhau 7.5. **THIRD:** Be sure to place your order with a reliable house, even though prices may be a little higher, and, where possible, order nothing less than one or two year plants, preferably the latter.

Explanation of the Numbers in the Alphabetical List

The figures which precede the names indicate the rating on a scale of 10, according to the Symposium of the American Peony Society in Bulletin No. 14, published in 1921. These figures were carefully compiled by the secretary from over 80 lists sent in by members of the society. Those in parenthesis directly under the rating denote the number of votes. Where there are no figures, the variety is too scarce to have sufficient votes.

It will be noted that we grow only 7 varieties rated at less than 7.0. Of 22 Peonies ranking 9.0 to 10 we grow all but 3. Of 69 Peonies ranking from 8.0 to 9.0 based on 20 or more votes, we grow 53.

DISCOUNT ON PEONIES

On orders of not less than three plants of a kind and amounting to \$10.00 to \$50.00, we will make a discount of 10 per cent; on orders of \$50.00 and up, 15 per cent. On varieties priced at \$3 and up prices are net.

No charge for boxing and packing.

Discounts do not apply to special offer.

It will be to your interest to order at once to secure the plants you wish. Some of the varieties will be sold out before planting time.

Many of those who visited our fields in June were so enthusiastic that they placed large orders with us.

SPECIAL OFFER

To those wishing plants for mass planting, or cut-flowers, and not particular about names we offer a bargain: Strong 1-year clumps, \$4.50 per dozen, \$30.00 per 100. Strong 2-year clumps \$7.00 per dozen, \$50.00 per 100; fifty at hundred rate.

Description and Price List of Peonies

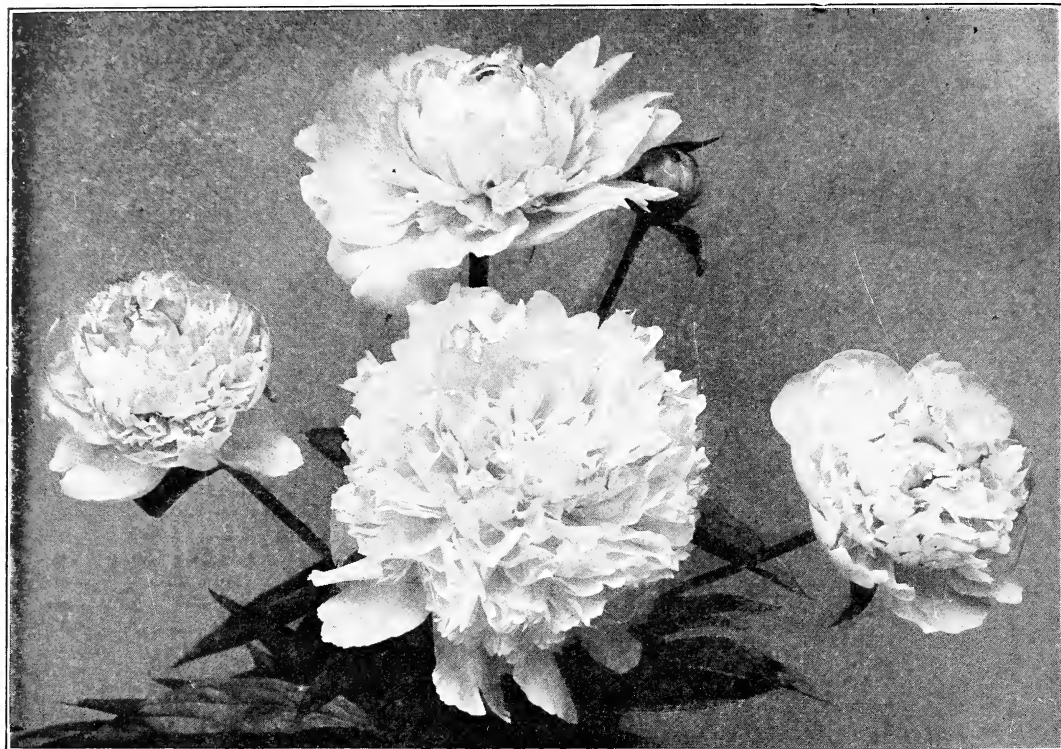
The varieties we offer are arranged in two classes, double and single, in each of which the names are arranged alphabetically, and where known, the name and date of the introducer immediately follows in parentheses. As color comes first in the choice of Peonies, we have placed the color on the same line as the name. Size and type naturally appeal next, and so follow the color. Having found these satisfactory in any variety described, one naturally next looks for the character and habit of the plant. To further aid purchasers we have made an alphabetical list of colors. See page 5. In addition, we shall be pleased to give by letter further information to intending purchasers.

DOUBLE PEONIES

SINGLE PEONIES—SEE PAGE 13

		2-4 eye Div.	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
8.5 (56)	Adolph Rousseau. (Dessert and Mechin, 1890). Glossy, purplish garnet; one of the darkest. Very large; semi-double; very tall. Early midseason		2.00	3.00	
8.7 (62)	Albatre. (Crousse, 1885). Milk-white center, petals tinged lilac. Large, rose type; pleasant fragrance; medium height. Midseason. Strong, vigorous grower		1.25	1.75	2.25
8.6 (58)	Albert Crousse. (Crousse, 1893). Very fresh salmon-pink, delicate color. Large, compact, bomb-shape; fragrant; erect. Late		1.25	2.00	
7.4 (19)	Alfred de Musset. (Crousse, 1885). Milk-white, blush center, crimson flecks. Large, compact; medium height. Late		1.00	1.50	2.00
8.8 (41)	Alsace-Lorraine (Lemoine, 1906). Creamy white with a golden tint. Very large, flat flower, opening like a water lily. Strong grower; free bloomer. Late	3.50	4.50	6.50	
8.1 (59)	Asa Gray. (Crousse, 1886). Pale lilac sprinkled with dots of deeper lilac. Large, rose shape; very fragrant; medium height and habit. Midseason		1.50	2.25	
7.8 (49)	Augustin d'Hour. (Calot, 1867). Dark, brilliant rose-red. Medium to large, bomb-shape; showy bloom; medium height. Midseason. (Similar in color to Felix Crousse)		1.00	1.50	
8.0 (38)	Aurore. (Dessert, 1904). Pale lilac-white, lighter collar, slightly flecked with crimson. Large, flat, loose; medium height; compact bush. Late		1.50	2.25	
8.7 (56)	Avalanche. (Crousse, 1886). Creamy-white, slightly flecked with carmine. Large, compact, crown type; fragrant; strong growth. Nothing better. Often sold under name of Albatre. Midseason		1.25	2.00	
9.0 (79)	Baroness Schroeder. (Kelway). Flesh, fading to milk-white. Large globular, rose type; very fragrant; strong, free bloomer. Midseason		1.50	2.25	
8.0 (36)	Boule de Neige. (Calot, 1867). Milk-white, flecked with crimson. Very large, regular and compact; tall, erect growth. Very early midseason. (Similar to, but earlier than Mons. Dupont.) .....		.75	1.25	1.75
6.9 (19)	Canari. (Guerin, 1861). Guards amber-white, tinted pink; center clear yellow, fragrance X. Late .....		.60	.85	1.25
7.8 (22)	Carnea Elegans. (Calot, 1860). Soft flesh color flecked with crimson. Large, flat, compact, rose type; fragrant; medium height, late. Professor Saunders well says: "Indoors they preserve an enchanting combination of flesh color and pale yellow."		1.00	1.50	
8.7 (61)	Claire Dubois. (Crousse, 1886). Even, clear, satiny pink, tipped white. Very large, globular, rose type; tall, erect, strong growth. Very late ..		1.30	2.00	
8.1 (67)	Couronne d'Or. (Calot, 1873). White with yellow tints arising from a few stamens showing amidst the petals. Center petals tipped with carmine. Large, rather full flower of superb form. Strong grower and very free bloomer. Good keeper. Late .....		.75	1.25	1.75
7.2 (23)	De Candolle. (Crousse, 1880). Uniform bright lilac-purple. Very large, full, rose type; medium height; strong erect grower. Late midseason ..		.60	1.00	1.50
7.1 (43)	Delachei. (Delache, 1856). Violet-crimson. Medium size; semi-rose type; strong, erect, vigorous growth. Midseason to late .....		.75	1.25	
6.9 (23)	Docteur Bretonneau. (Guerin, 1850). Guards flesh-pink, center yellow, sometimes salmon. One of the best yellow sorts. Midseason .....		.75	1.25	
7.8 (46)	Duc de Wellington. (Calot, 1859). Pure white guards, sulphur center. Large, bomb shape; very fragrant; tall, erect growth. Midseason .....		.50	.75	1.00
8.1 (66)	Duchess de Nemours. (Calot, 1856). Guard petals white, center lemon-yellow, cup-shaped at first; it develops into a large bloom, gradually fading to white; fragrant; strong grower and free bloomer. Extra good commercial variety. Follows two to three days later than Festiva Maxima .....		.65	1.00	1.50
7.6 (66)	Edulis Superba. (Lemon, 1824). Dark pink, even color; large, loose, crown when fully open. Very fragrant; upright growth, early bloomer. One of the best commercial peonies. There is much confusion over this variety, being sold under twenty or more different names .....		.65	1.00	
8.7 (36)	Elwood Pleas. (Pleas, 1900). Very soft, shell pink; compact flower of rose type. Strong grower, free bloomer. Large, fragrant and beautiful. Late	5.00	6.50		
8.3 (29)	Eugene Bigot. (Dessert, 1894). Brilliant red, medium size, compact, globular, semi-rose type. Midseason		2.50		

In comparing prices with those of other growers, please note that we offer strong one, two and three-year plants, except in the case of a few high-priced varieties where we also offer divisions.



Gloire de Charles Gombault—Beautiful at all Stages.

		2-4 eye			
		Div.	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
7.3 (8)	Eugene Reignoux. (Dessert). Very brilliant carmine-pink, shaded purple. Very large; cup-shaped. Early midseason.....		1.00	1.50	2.00
8.3 (60)	Eugene Verdier. (Calot, 1864). Light pink with lilac-white collar. Large, rose, type; extra strong-growing plant; erect, rather dwarf. Fragrant. Late. Be sure you get the real thing; it is one of the best.....	1.50	2.50		
8.6 (58)	Eugenie Verdier. (Calot, 1864). (Also called Pottsi Alba). Pale pink, center deeper, flecked crimson. Large flat, rose type, rather loose; fragrant; tall, free. Midseason.....		1.25	1.75	2.50
8.4 (75)	Felix Crousse. (Crousse, 1881). Very brilliant red. Medium to large, globular, typical bomb shape; fragrant; strong growth. Midseason.....		1.00	1.40	
8.0 (31)	Festiva. (Donkalaer, 1838). Pure paper white with crimson markings in center. Large, full; very fragrant; dwarf. Late.....		.50	.75	1.00
9.3 (84)	Festiva Maxima. (Miellez, 1851). Paper-white with crimson markings in center. Very large and full, rose type; very tall, strong growth. The best early white peony; very fragrant.....		.65	1.10	1.50
9.1 (31)	France Willard. (Brand, 1907). Blush white with occasional carmine blotch and changing to pure white. Large perfectly formed flower of semi-rose type. Strong grower; free bloomer, on strong, erect stems; quite fragrant. Late midseason.....	6.00	7.50		
8.1 (21)	Galathee. (Lemoine, 1909). Flesh white. Large, full rose type. Strong grower; very fragrant and very late.....	5.00	6.00		
7.1 (18)	General Bertrand. (Guerin, 1845). Dark pink, silvery center. Large anemone shaped bloom, with broad collar; fragrance XX; tall, strong, upright growth. Early.....		.50	.75	1.00
8.5 (46)	Germa'ne Bigot. (Dessert, 1902). Flesh pink, salmon tints; center flecked crimson. Very large, flat, strong and erect growth; free bloomer. Midseason.....		1.75	2.50	
7.9 (45)	Gloire de Charles Gombault. (Gombault, 1866). Outer petals fleshy-pink, collar clear salmon-flesh, shaded with apricot; center petals flesh-pink, striped with carmine. Flowers very showy, on tall stems in great profusion; crown type. Late midseason.....		1.00	1.50	
7.0 (11)	Gloire de Chenonceaux. (Mechin, 1880). Rose-red, silver tipped with age. Medium to large, globular rose type; fragrant. Upright grower. Late midseason.....		.50	.75	1.00
7.8 (19)	Gloire de Touraine. (Dessert, 1908). Brilliant, velvety, dark carmine rose. Rose type; erect; vigorous, fragrant. Late.....		2.00	3.00	
7.3 (41)	Golden Harvest. (Rosenfield, 1900). Pale pink to peach blossom pink, white crown. Rather dwarf type, but vigorous and free bloomer in clusters; fragrant. Midseason.....		.75	1.25	

		2-4 eye			
		Div.	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
8.8 (62)	Grandiflora. (Richardson, 1883). Beautiful flesh-pink, with lighter shades at the center. One of the very largest pinks known. Vigorous. Very late			1.25	2.00
8.1 (40)	Grandiflora nivea plena. (Lemon, 1824). Guard petals pure white, center slightly tinged sulphur and pink, and flecked with crimson. Very large rose type; vigorous; fragrant. Very early.....		1.00	1.50	2.00
7.4 (11)	Henry Murger. (Crousse, 1895). Uniform pure, mauve. Very large, globular, rose type; strong, erect growth. Late.....		.50	.75	
8.7 (49)	James Kelway. (Kelway). Rosy white changing to milk white. Very large, semi-rose type; fragrant; tall, strong. Early midseason.....		2.00	3.00	
7.9 (47)	Jeanne d'Arc. (Calot, 1858). Soft pink guard; collar sulphur to cream white and bright pink tufted center, tipped carmine. Medium to large, crown shape; fragrant; strong grower, free bloomer. Early midseason. One of the choicest of older varieties. Peach-blossom pink and cream, reminds one of peaches and cream.....		.75	1.25	
8.9 (38)	Jubilee. (Pleas, 1908). Color flesh white, fading to pure white. Petals narrow, loosely arranged, giving a feathery effect. Long stems. Strong grower. Free bloomer. Fragrant. Midseason.....	7.00	10.00		
8.8 (57)	Karl Rosenfield. (Rosenfield, 1908). Brilliant deep crimson. Very strong, compact grower and free bloomer. One of the best. Semi-rose type; excellent keeper. Early midseason.....		2.75	4.00	
9.8 (33)	Kelway's Glorious. (Kelway, 1909). Creamy-white, with a soft blush of pink. Enormous blooms of rose type; very fragrant. Generally considered one of Kelway's best. Late midseason.....	28.00	35.00		
9.1 (49)	Lady Alexandra Duff. (Kelway, 1902). Outer petals delicate pink, gradually shading lighter toward center. An immense cup-shape flower; broad, imbricated petals, large and full in old plants. In young plants and the side buds of older plants, blooms are water lily shape, showing yellow stamens at center. Fragrant, tall and robust. One of Kelway's best. True variety from Shaylor. Midseason.....	5.00	7.50		
7.6 (5)	Lady Curzon. (Kelway). White guard with cream center. Award of merit at Royal Horticultural Society. Strong grower; fragrant. Early midseason		2.00	3.00	
9.0 (42)	La France. (Lemoine, 1901). Soft pink outer guards, splashed crimson. Very large, compact flower of rose type. Strong grower, free bloomer, very fragrant. Very late. (Not for sale).				
8.3	Lamartine. (Calot, 1860). (Also called Gigantea). Pale lilac-rose, darker center. Very large, loose, irregular, rose shape; tall, free bloomer; very fragrant. Early midseason.....		1.25	1.75	
8.3 (37)	La Rosiere. (Crousse, 1888). Pure white, shading to cream in center, due to presence of yellow stamens. Large, flat, semi-double; medium height. Name is well chosen, for it is more like a rose than any other Peony. Midseason.....		1.25	1.75	
8.1 (35)	La Tendresse. (Crousse, 1896). Cream color, changing to pure white, slightly splashed carmine; rose type; very large, compact, flat; fragrant. Strong, upright growth. Early midseason.....		1.00	1.50	2.50
7.5 (57)	La Tulipe. (Calot, 1872). (Syn. Multicolor Calot, '73). Lilac-white, outer petals striped with crimson. Large, flat, rose type; fragrant; very tall, strong growth. Midseason.....		.50	.75	
8.8 (22)	Laura Dessert. (Dessert, 1913). Guards, cream white; center bright canary yellow. Large, full flower; rose type; superb. Early. Like other yellow peonies, it should be opened in the house to retain its rich yellow.....	15.00	20.00		
9.9 (56)	Le Cygne. (Lemoine, 1907). Milk white flower. Petals incurved. Perfectly formed, enormous, globular flower. Very fragrant. Early. Given the highest score of all peonies by 56 votes.....	13.50	20.00		
8.1 (58)	Livingstone. (Crousse, 1879). Soft rose pink, silver tipped, some carmine spots. Large, compact, rose type; tall, vigorous, free bloomer. Very late.....		1.25	1.75	2.50
9.0 (33)	Longfellow. (Brand, 1907). Bright crimson with cherry tone; perhaps the most brilliant of red peonies. Erect habit, vivid color, long season, rare value. Originator says, "It is the most brilliant peony in our whole list." Midseason.....	6.75	9.75		
7.6 (10)	Lord Kitchener. (Renault, 1915). Brilliant cherry red. Rose type. Free-bloomer and strong grower. Late.....		2.75		
8.6 (39)	Mme. Auguste Dessert. (Dessert, 1899). Glossy flesh, slightly tinged carmine; center flecked crimson. Very large, imbricated, cup-shaped flower, rose type; erect; medium height. Early midseason.....		2.00	2.75	
7.4 (14)	Mme. Bollet. (Calot, 1867). Pale lilac-pink, silvery reflex. Large, very compact, rose type; upright growth. Late midseason.....		.75	1.00	
7.8 (31)	Mme. Boulanger. (Crousse, 1886). Glossy soft pink, tinged lilac, silvery flesh border; large, compact, rose type; upright; very fragrant. Late midseason.....		1.50	2.25	
7.3 (42)	Mme. Bucquet. (Dessert, 1888). Uniform velvety-crimson, with garnet tints. Large, loose, rose type; fragrant, strong, upright growth. Midseason.....		.75	1.25	
8.1 (49)	Mme. Calot. (Mieliez, 1856). Flesh white, tinged pale hydrangea-pink, center shaded slightly darker with a sulphur tint; very large, full, globular bloom; fragrant; early and abundant bloomer. On well established plants the flowers are exquisite.....		.75	1.25	
6.8 (21)	Mme. Chaumy. (Calot, 1864). Pale lilac-rose center slightly darker. Medium size; very compact, rose type; free bloomer in clusters. Very late....		.50	.75	1.00
7.9 (36)	Mme. Crousse. (Calot, 1866). Pure white with faint crimson markings. Large, globular, crown type; fragrant; medium height. Late midseason.....		.60	1.00	1.50



Sarah Bernhardt Germaine Bigot
"A Grand Couple"

		2-4 eye	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
		Div.			
7.5 (40)	Mme. de Galhau. (Crousse, 1883). Delicate pink with a rose-white collar. Very large, compact, rose shape; very fragrant; strong growth. Very late.			1.00	1.50
7.7 (13)	Mme. d'Hour. (Calot, 1864). Light pink, silver tipped, darker center. Large, compact, rose type; tall, erect, superb. Late midseason.		1.00	1.50	2.00
8.2 (31)	Mme. De Treyeran. (Dessert, 1899). Delicate flesh white, dotted with carmine. Large, flat, compact flower; tall; free bloomer; early.	3.00	4.00		
7.7 (30)	Mme. de Vatry. (Guerin, 1863). Milk-white, lilac-white collar, center splashed with crimson. Very large, full, crown-shape; medium height; strong grower. Midseason. ....		.75	1.00	1.50
7.9 (60)	Mme. de Verneville. (Crousse, 1885). Pure white, center tipped with carmine. Very large, full bomb shape; fragrant; medium height; strong growth. Early. ....		.60	1.00	1.50
7.9 (46)	Mme. Ducl. (Mechin, 1880). Bright silvery pink. Very large, well built flower; bomb type; strong grower; free bloomer; odor pleasant; medium height; one of the best. Early midseason. ....		.75	1.25	
8.5 (65)	Mme. Emile Galle. (Crousse, 1881). Very soft pink, changing to milk-white in center. Very large, compact, flat, rose type; tall, fragrant. Late. .		1.00	1.50	
8.9 (50)	Mme. Emile Lemoine. (Lemoine, 1899). Glossy white, tinged pale pink and covered with tiny dots of deeper shade. Large, globular, rose type; a strong grower, good bloomer. One of the best. Midseason.		1.50	2.25	3.25
9.4 (47)	Mme. Jules Dessert. (Dessert, 1909). Clear pink, tinged flesh and straw yellow, undulated central petals, flecked with carmine and intermixed with a few visible golden stamens. Very large, imbricated flower of fine shape; one of the most beautiful in color and form. When the flower opens under cloudy weather, or in the house, the exquisite tints are really marvelous. Only four peonies rank higher than this. Late midseason.	5.00	7.50		
7.9 (45)	Mme. Geissler. (Crousse, 1880). Rose pink shading to white or silvery flesh; compact, rose type. The largest in our collection. Fragrant. Late midseason.		1.25	1.75	2.25
7.4 (16)	Mme. Lemoine. (Calot, 1864). Clear violet-rose, slightly tinged carmine. Large, full, globular bloom. Late midseason.		1.00	1.50	
	Mme. Lemonier. (Calot, 1860). Exquisite pale rose-pink. Very large globular bloom, rose type; strong grower and very free bloomer. "The size of this peony, its great height, robust habit and fine color, make it a most striking garden subject." Midseason. Much superior to Mme. Lemoine, 1865.		2.00	3.00	
8.1 (23)	Mlle. Leonie Calot. (Calot, 1861). Very delicate shell-pink, center darker. Medium size, very compact, globular. Late midseason. Its only fault a rather weak stem. ....		.75	1.25	2.00
7.4 (9)	Mlle. Marie Calot. (Calot, 1872). Milk-white tinged flesh, flecked crimson. Large, rose type; very fragrant; strong grower. Late midseason.		1.00	1.50	2.00

		2-4 eye Div.	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
6.5 (8)	Mlle. Renee Dessert. (Mechim, 1880). Fine lilac, silver-tipped. Large, globular, bomb type; tall, erect. Midseason.....		.60	1.00	1.50
8.1 (33)	Mlle. Rousseau. (Crousse, 1886). Milk-white, splashed carmine. Large globular, rose type; extra strong stem; medium height. Late midseason.		1.25	1.75	2.25
8.2 (30)	Marcelle Dessert. (Dessert, 1899). Milk-white, slightly splashed with lilac; high crowned, flecked crimson. Fragrance of a tea rose. Midseason... Marechal McMahon. Identical with Aug. d'Hour, which see.	2.25	3.00		
8.4 (56)	Marguerite Gerard. (Crousse, 1892). Very pale salmon-pink, fading to almost white. Large, compact, rose type; very strong growth. Late midseason		1.00	1.50	2.00
8.1 (13)	Marie. (Calot, 1868). Blush-white fading to milk-white. Large size, compact, rose type; fragrant; very tall, on strong stem. Very late.....		1.00	1.50	2.00
8.9 (50)	Marie Crousse. (Crousse, 1892). Soft salmon-pink. Large, full flower; bomb type; borne on stiff stems; very fragrant; tall, strong. Mid-season.	2.25	3.00	4.50	
7.9 (7)	Marie d'Hour. (Calot, 1883). Pale pink, darker center, flecked carmine. Large, rose type; rather dwarf, erect. Midseason.....		.60	1.00	1.50
8.3 (46)	Marie Jacquin. (Verdier). (Syn. Water Lily). Rose-white, fading to white. Large, globular, semi-double; upright, very strong growth; cup-shaped like a water lily. Midseason.....		1.00	1.50	
8.5 (67)	Marie Lemoine. (Calot, 1869). Pure white with cream-white center. Large, very compact, rose type; pleasing fragrance; medium height; extra strong stems. Very late.....		1.00	1.50	
9.1 (36)	Martha Bulloch. (Brand, 1907). Soft rose pink. Enormous cup-shaped flower. One of the best peonies in existence and exquisitely beautiful. Strong grower. Free bloomer. Fragrant. Late.....	16.50	24.00		
9.0 (63)	Milton Hill. (Richardson). Soft, clear, flesh color, deepening toward the center. "There is in this flower a quality of color that is beyond the power of words to describe." Very large globular, compact, rose type; fragrant. Very late.....		2.50	3.50	
7.8 (47)	Modeste Guerin. (Guerin, 1845). Very attractive, bright pink, tinged carmine, solid color; large bloom, typical bomb type; fragrance XX. Fine upright habit, very vigorous, early and free. We consider this the best carmine-pink peony. Often called The American Beauty Peony. With it we won the first prize for fifty blooms, deep pink, at the Peony Show of the American Peony Society.		1.00	1.75	
7.3 (13)	Mons. Barral. (Calot, 1866). Solid pink, tinged lilac. Full rose type; strong grower. Late.....		.75	1.25	2.00
7.1 (16)	Mons. Bastien LePage. (Crousse, 1885). Uniform pure mauve, silvery reflex. Very large, crown shape; incurved petals; tall, extra strong stems. Midseason		1.00	1.50	
7.1 (22)	Mons. Boucharlart Aine. (Calot, 1868). Light pink with silvery reflex. Very large, full, compact, rose type; very strong, vigorous growth. Mid-season. ....		.65	1.00	1.50
8.3 (57)	Mons. Dupont. (Calot, 1872). Milk-white, center splashed with crimson. Large cup-shaped, semi-rose type; fragrant; tall, erect. Late mid-season. ....		.90	1.40	
9.2 (78)	Mons. Jules Elie. (Crousse, 1883). Pale lilac-rose, silvery reflex. Very large, compact, globular; very fragrant; tall, vigorous growth. Early..		1.50	2.25	
8.8 (62)	Mons. Martin Cahuzac. (Dessert, 1899). Very dark garnet with black reflex, petals so glossy as to appear varnished. Medium to large, globular, semi-rose type. Medium height; strong, vigorous grower. Early midseason.	2.75	4.00	6.00	
8.4 (42)	Mont Blanc. (Lemoine, 1899). Milk-white, center slightly tinted rose. Very large, compact, globular rose type; fragrant and free bloomer. Mid-season.	3.00	5.00		
	Number One—Unnamed, imported variety; exquisite shell pink flower of large size and beautiful form; center splashed with crimson after the manner of Festiva Maxima. Rose type; very late. It excels in attractiveness many of the highest priced peonies. A royal variety; only one strong division to a customer.....	4.00	6.50		
8.5 (42)	Octavie Demay. (Calot, 1867). Pale pink, collar almost white with a few stripes of carmine. Very large, flat, crown type; fragrant; dwarf plant with strong, thick stems. Early.....		1.00	1.50	2.25
7.7 (37)	Philomele. (Calot, 1861). Yellow, fading to cream, with bright pink collar and crown; medium size; low, flat crown; medium height; strong growth; fragrant. Midseason.....		1.00	1.50	
6.9 (21)	Petite Renee. (Dessert, 1899). Dark pink. Very large, anemone shape, semi-double with thread-like center petals. Medium height, upright. Midseason.		1.00	1.50	2.00
8.2 (23)	Pierre Duchartre. (Crousse, 1895). Flesh-pink. Very full, cup-shaped flower, rose type, large, erect, strong grower. Very late.....		1.40	2.15	
8.6 (47)	Primevere. (Lemoine, 1907). Outer petals buff, center sulphur yellow; nearest approach to a yellow peony. Tall, strong, grower, and free bloomer. Very fragrant, midseason.....	3.50	5.00		
6.7 (10)	Prince de Talindyke. Dark purple. Large; distinct. Winner of first prize at Boston American Peony Society Exhibition, June, 1910, for fifty best blooms, crimson varieties. Stems erect and vigorous, nearly four feet tall. Late.....		1.00	1.50	
6.8 (5)	Purpurea Superba. Purplish-crimson. Outside petals large, center small and compact; lights up beautifully at night. Late.....		.75	1.25	1.75



"Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille and Marguerite Gerard"

		2-4 eye Div.	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
8.7 (40)	Reine Hortense. (Calot, 1857). (Syn. President Taft). Light shell pink, center flecked crimson; very striking; large, well formed flowers, semi-rose type, deliciously fragrant. Midseason.....		2.50	3.50	
9.0 (46)	Rosa Bonheur. (Dessert, 1905). Fleshy pink, imbricated flower; rose type, dwarf plant; very free bloomer in clusters. One of the best. Midseason.....	4.50	6.75		
7.2 (43)	Rubra Superba. (Richardson, 1871). Deep carmine-crimson. Large, fragrant, rose type; medium height. Very late.....		.75	1.25	1.75
9.0 (49)	Sarah Bernhardt. (Lemoine, 1906). A soft pink, large and full; evenly formed, very fragrant. Ranked among the twelve best peonies by twenty-three peony growers; one of Lemoine's best. Strong grower; profuse bloomer. Late midseason.....	3.00	4.50	8.00	
9.7 (59)	Solange. (Lemoine, 1907). The outer petals are very delicate lilac white, deepening toward the center with salmon shading; center deep orange salmon. A very large, full, compact flower of rose type; strong grower and free bloomer; delightfully fragrant. Very late. No better peony exists.....	5.40	7.75		
8.8 (16)	Souv. de Louis Bigot. (Dessert, 1913). Rich salmon pink with silvery lights. Very large blooms, extra fine; late midseason.....	7.50	10.00		
7.2 (7)	Souv. du Dr. Bretonneau. (Dessert, 1880). Dark Tyrian rose. Medium size, loose, flat, semi-double; medium height; erect, free. Midseason.....		.60	1.00	1.50
7.7 (24)	Suzanne Dessert. (Dessert and Mechin, 1890). Fine China pink with silver tips; large, compact, bomb type; fragrant. Midseason.....		1.25	1.75	2.25
9.8 (71)	Therese. (Dessert, 1904). Glossy flesh, lightly shaded pink, lighter at the center. Very attractive imbricated flowers, very large; rose type; one of the most beautiful flowers in color and form; very scarce. Early..	4.00	5.00		
9.4 (49)	Tourangelle. (Dessert, 1910). Flesh-pink, tinged with salmon; very delicate shade. Large flat flower of rose type, strong grower; free bloomer; very fragrant; superb. Midseason.....	5.75	8.50		
7.8 (42)	Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille. (Calot, 1865). Light shell pink, splashed with a darker tint. Large, compact, rose type; pleasing fragrance; strong growth. Midseason.....		.65	1.00	1.50
7.4 (41)	Umbellata rosea. (Dessert). Violet-rose collar with amber-white center. Medium, informal rose type; medium height; very strong; upright. Very early.....		.50		
8.3 (50)	Venus. (Kelway). Very delicate, shell pink, lighter collar. Very large, high compact crown; rose fragrance; tall, erect. Midseason.....		1.25	1.75	
9.3 (48)	Walter Faxon. (Richardson). Uniform pure bright rose; very distinct delicate color, deepening toward the center; semi-rose type. Strong grower and free bloomer; midseason.....	5.50	7.50		

Peony Officinalis

		2-4 eye			
		Div.	1-yr.	2-yr.	3-yr.
Mutabilis.	Pink, changing to white. Generally sold for Off. Alba.			.50	.75
Rubra.	Double crimson, of large size; fragrant; the old-fashioned red peony. Early		1.00	1.50	

SINGLE AND JAPANESE PEONIES

8.5 (11)	Clairette. (Dessert, 1905). A superb, large white, lightly shaded pink, changing to pure white.			3.00	
	Dog Rose. (Kelway). Bright rose pink. Similar in color to our wild rose.			3.00	
8.1 (5)	Eglantine. (Dessert, 1913). Large, white, single flower, slightly tinted carmine, central tuft of golden stamens. Superb variety, like a gigantic Eglantine rose.		5.00	8.00	
	Ho-Gioku. (Japan). Guard petals pure white. Large, single flower with central tuft of filamentous petals, lively sulphur yellow, fading to white.		4.00	6.00	
	Isani-Gidui. (Japan). Very large pure white single flower, with silky broad petals, big central tuft of golden yellow stamens or filamentous petals; strong grower and free bloomer. A splendid variety of marvelous beauty. (Not for sale).				
	Kameno-Kerogomo. (Japan). Crimson-carmine; large central tuft of filamentous petals golden-yellow streaked with carmine.	2.50	3.50		
	Kinokimo. (Japan). Crimson-carmine, tinged with garnet; central tuft of filamentous petals, carmine-red, bordered with yellow.		2.50		
8.4 (23)	La Fiancee. (Dessert, 1902). (Syn.—The Bride). Very large, single, white with yellow center. Early. Good variety. Carpels greenish-white and hairy; stigmas long, white and recurved. Odor slight. Plant is strong-coarse grower, with a very spreading habit. Free bloomer. Characteristic coarse, thick, leathery foliage; a third larger bloom than the ordinary Albiflora.		2.00	3.00	
	Lemon Queen. (Japan). Pure white with a central cushion of short, fringed, yellow petals.		1.25	1.75	
8.1 (17)	L'Etincelante. (Dessert, 1902). Very broad petals of the finest bright carmine, broad silvery border, crown of gold stamens at the center; semi-double; superb.		2.50	3.50	
	Lucienne. (Dessert). Large, white, single flower, very slightly tinted purple, fading to pure white. Central tuft of golden stamens. Very strong grower and free bloomer. Early midseason.	3.00	4.00		
8.5 (6)	Madeline Gauthier. (Dessert, 1908). Flesh-pink, large, single flower. Exquisite and delicate tint.	6.00	9.00		
8.5 (6)	Marguerite Dessert. (Dessert, 1913). Pure white, entirely powdered and splashed with carmine; central tuft of golden stamens; one of the most exquisite varieties. Large single flower; very attractive. Early.	6.50	9.00		
8.6 (31)	Mikado. (Japan-Barr). Dark crimson, central tuft of filamentous petals edged crimson and tipped gold. Very choice. Late.	2.50	3.50	5.00	
	No. 1000. White			.75	
8.4 (5)	Perle Blanche. (Dessert). Pure white, cup-shaped flowers, with a golden heart.	4.00	5.00		
	Perle Rose. (Dessert). Fine, clear, china pink, silvery on the border; golden stamens; very delicate coloring. Large, single flowers with broad petals.	4.00	6.00		
	Princess Alexandra. Crimson, semi-double; strong grower and free bloomer		.65	1.00	
	Princess of Wales. (Barr). A beautiful shade of pink resembling our wild rose.	1.50			
	Tokio. (Jap.-Dessert, 1910). Color, old rose; very large, showing a central tuft of golden filamentous petals. Beautiful variety, strong grower, and free bloomer. Very choice.	5.00	7.00		
7.3 (4)	Veloutine. (Dessert). Large cup-shaped flower like a tulip; brilliant red, with velvety reflex.		1.00	1.50	
	Venise. (Dessert). Bright lively pink, slightly tinted with carmine, central tuft of golden stamens; large flower. Exceedingly beautiful.	3.00	4.00		
7.6 (7)	Vesuve. (Dessert, 1905). Large brilliant dark red flowers with metallic reflex and golden stamens. Strong grower and free bloomer.		2.00	3.00	
8.5 (12)	White Lady. (Kelway, 1900). Flowers white with thick mass of deep yellow stamens. Plant dwarf, but vigorous. Very scarce.	7.00	10.00		
8.5 (8)	Whitley Major. Slightly tinted pink, fading to pure white. Enormous flowers; strong, upright grower and profuse bloomer.		1.00	1.50	
	Yeso. (Dessert, 1910). Guard petals pure white, narrow central petals white tinged straw yellow, and tipped with a little carmine point.	3.00	4.00		

Those wishing to plant perennial gardens should take up the matter at once, have the ground prepared so that the plants may be set early in September. If perennials are set late in the fall or in spring, they give very little bloom the first year. Set early in the fall, they become thoroughly established and give a good account of themselves the following summer.

We are always glad to assist our customers in making a selection of Peonies, Phlox, Iris, etc. Please state fully the results desired, size of plot to be planted, etc.

Below are two collections, carefully made, regardless of price, to cover all colors, early (E), midseason (M), and late (L) bloom, of varieties anyone might be happy to own. If desired however, substitutes may be made by the purchaser. Please note low prices for one-year plants, all of which will bloom next year. Two-year plants in column two.

COLLECTION No. 1

White and Yellow		1-year	2-year
Mme. de Verneville (E)		\$.60	\$ 1.00
Avalanche (M)		1.25	2.00
Duc de Wellington (M)		.50	.75
Mme. Crousse (L)		.60	1.00
Canari (L)		.60	.85
Pink			
Gen. Bertrand (E)		.50	.75
Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille (M)		.65	1.00
Gl. de Chas. Gombault (L)		1.00	1.50
Albert Crousse (L)		1.25	2.00
Whitley Major, Single (E)		1.00	1.50
Modeste Guerin (E)		1.00	1.75
Mme. Chaumy (L)		.50	.75
Red			
De Candolle (M)		.60	1.00
Adolphe Rousseau (E)		2.00	3.00
Prince de Talindyke (L)		1.00	1.50
Net Price		\$13.05	\$20.35
		10.50	16.50

COLLECTION No. 2

White and Yellow		1-year	2-year
La Fiancee, Single (E)		\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00
Mme. Emile Lemoine (M)		1.50	2.25
Couronne d'Or (L)		.75	1.25
Philomele (M)		1.00	1.50
Pink			
Eugene Verdier (M)		1.25	1.75
Germaine Bigot (M)		1.75	2.50
Alfred de Musset (L)		1.00	1.50
Carnea Elegans (L)		1.00	1.50
Mons. Jules Elie (E)		1.50	2.25
Mme. Ducl (E)		.75	1.25
Marguerite Gerard (M)		1.00	1.50
Mme. Emile Galle (L)		1.00	1.50
Red			
Mikado, Single (L)		3.50	5.00
Felix Crousse (M)		1.00	1.40
Karl Rosenfield (E)		2.75	4.00
Net Price		\$21.75	\$32.15
		17.75	27.75

Types of Peonies

Single. Those with a single row of wide guards, and a center of yellow pollen-bearing stamens.

Semi-Double. Those with several rows of wide petals, and a center of stamens and partially transformed petaloids.



La Fiancee, Superb Single Peony
Blooms early, but side buds keep it in bloom until late

Japanese. These have wide guards the same as the Singles, but with the stamens and anthers greatly enlarged into narrow, thick, petaloids of various colors, tipped with vestiges of the yellow anthers without pollen.

Anemone. A step farther in the process of doubling with the stamens all transformed into short, narrow petals, forming a round cushion in the center of the flower.

Crown. In this type wide petals are developed in the center of the flower, forming a high crown, with the narrow, short petals forming a ring or collar around it. Often crown and guards are of one color, and the collar another, or lighter shade.

Bomb. The next step in which all the center petals are uniformly wide, approaching the guards, but distinctly differentiated from them, forming a globe-shaped center without collar or crown.

Semi-Rose. Flowers in which the petals are all uniformly wide, but are loosely built, with a few pollen-bearing stamens visible, or nearly concealed.

Rose. The process of doubling is completed, all stamens fully transformed into evenly arranged wide petaloids, similar to the guards, forming a perfect rose-shaped bloom.

In her book on "The Peony", Mrs. Edward Harding says: "I know of no plant that is so satisfyingly beautiful in every stage of its development. When the blossoms appear it is indeed hard to leave the garden; no matter how many times a day one gazes at them, there is something newly entrancing on each successive glance."

Hardy Perennials

From the beginning the Rosedale Nurseries have made a leading specialty of Perennials. While we do not carry a large number of varieties, yet we grow a very select list of the best and hardiest. Heavy, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per ten; \$16 per 100; except as noted: Five of a kind at ten rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate. In some varieties, Extra Heavy Clumps \$3.00 per ten; also very large clumps at 50 cents each. Numbers indicate approximate height in feet. Time of bloom is indicated by initial letters of the months.

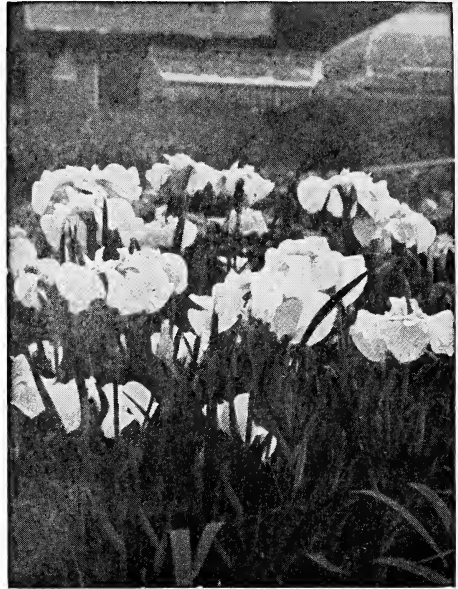


Astilbe. A good collecting agency for Rose Bugs

- Achillea Ptarmica fl. pl., The Pearl.** White, June, July. 3.
- Aconitum.** (Monkshood), \$3.00 per ten. Blue, Aug., Sept. 4.
- Alyssum Compactum Saxatile.** (Basket of Gold). Yellow. June. 1.
- Anchusa.** (Alkanet).
Italica. (Dropmore Variety), \$3.00 per 10. Blue. June, July. 3.
- Anemone.** (Wind Flower). Aug., Sept., Oct. 2.
Japonica Alba. White.
Var. Queen Charlotte. Pink.
Var. Whirlwind. White.
- Aquilegia.** (Columbine.) Beautiful in flower and foliage. May. 2.
California Hybrids. Mixed colors.
Chrysantha. Yellow.
Caerulea. Blue.
Erskine Park Hybrid. Mixed colors.
- Asclepias Tuberosa** (Butterfly Weed.) Orange. July, Aug. 2.
- Astilbe** (Goat's Beard), 35c each, \$3.00 per ten. May, June. 2.
Davidii, 50c each. June. 4.
Floribunda. White. 2.
Gladstone. White. 2.
Peach Blossom. Pink. 2.
Queen Alexandra. Pink. 2.
Queen Wilhelmina. Pink. 2.
- Asters.** Cultivated native flower. Sept., Oct.
Perry's Blue.
Laevis. Blue.
Novae-Angliae Roseus.
J. S. Ware. Blue.
- Baptisia Australis.** (False Indigo). Blue. June. 3.
- Boltonia** (False Chamomile). Aug., Sept.
Asteroides. White. 4-5.
Latisquama. Pink. 3.
- Coreopsis Lanceolata Grandiflora.** Yellow, June, July, Aug. 2-3.
- Campanula** (Bellflower).
Carpatica. Blue. July, Aug. 6 inches.
Carpatica Alba. White. 6 inches.
Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland).
Medium (Canterbury Bells). Pink, white, blue. July. 1-3.
- Chelone** (Shell-flower). Aug., Sept. 3.
Lyonii. Red.
Alba. White.
- Chrysanthemum.**
Shasta Daisy. White. June, July. 2.
Hardy Pompons. Various colors. Sept., Oct. 2-3.
- Clematis, Shrubby.** White. July, Aug. 3.
Davidiana.
Recta.
- Delphinium** (Hardy Larkspur). July, Aug., 4-5.
Belladonna. Light blue.
Ch'ensis. Blue. July-Sept. 2.
Ch'ensis. White. July-Sept. 2.
Erskine Park Hybrids. Light and dark blue.
Formosum. Deep blue.
Formosum Coelestium. Light blue.
Gold Medal Hybrids. Shades of blue.
- Dianthus** (Sweet William).
Barbatus. Mixed colors. June, 1-2. \$1.75 per 10.
Deltoides (Maiden Pink). June, July. 1.
Plumarius Semperflorens. (Clove pink.) June, July. 1.
Newport Pink. \$2.50 per 10.
- Dicentra** (Bleeding Heart). May. 2.
- Dictamnus** (Gas Plant). June, July. 2.
Fraxinella. Pink.
Fraxinella Alba. White.
- Digitalis** *Gloxinaeflora.* (Foxglove.) Pink and white. June, July. 3.
- Doronicum Exelsum** (Leopard's Bane). Yellow. May. 2.
- Echinops Humilis** (Globe Thistle). Blue. Aug., Sept. 3.
- Eryngium Amethystinum** (Sea-Holly). Lavender. July, Aug. 2.
- Forget-Me-Not.** (See *Myosotis*).
- Foxglove.** (See *Digitalis*).
- Funkia** (Plantain Lily). June, July. 2.
Caerulea. Blue.
Subcordata Grandiflora. White. Aug., Sept. 2. \$2.50 per 10.
Undulata Media Picta. Blue.
Thos Hogg. Blue.
- Gailardia Grandiflora.** (Blanket-Flower). Orange-red. June-Aug. 1.
- Grasses, Hardy Ornamental.** 4-6. 35c each, \$3.00 per 10.
Erianthus Ravennae.
Eulalia Gracillima Univittata.
Eulalia Japonica Variegata.
Eulalia Japonica Zebrina (Zebra Grass).
- Gypsophila** (Baby's Breath). White. June, July. 2.
Paniculata.
Flore Pleno (Double-flowering). \$5.00 per doz.

- Helenium** (Sneeze Weed.) Aug., Sept. 3-4.
Autumnale Superbum. Orange.
Superbum Rubrum. Terra cotta shade.
- Hemerocallis Aurantiaca Major** (Yellow Day Lily).
Flava. Tawny. June. 3.
Kwanso fl. pl. Double orange lily. July, Aug. 3-4.
Thunbergii. Japanese. Lemon yellow. July. 3.
- Heuchera.** (Coral Bells.) June, July. 1-2.
Sanguinea. Coral red. 1-2.
Sanguinea Alba. White.
- Hibiscus** (Rose Mallow). (Marshmallow). Aug., Sept. 4.
Albus (Crimson Eye). White.
Moscheutos. Mixed pink and white.
Roseus. Pink.
- Hollyhock** (*Althea Rosea*). July, Aug. 5.
Double. (Separate colors.)
Allegheny Fringed. Mixed colors.
Old-Fashioned Single. Assorted colors.
Newport Pink. Pink.
- Liatris Pycnostachya** (Kansas Gay Feather). Purple. July, Aug. 4.
- Lily-of-the-Valley.** Clumps, 30 cents each; \$2.50 per 10.
- Lupinus Polyphyllus** (Lupine). Pink, white, blue. June, July. 2.
- Lychen's Alpina** (Champion Lamp-flower). Red. **Chalcedonica.** **Haageana.**
- Monarda** (Bee Balm).
Didyma (Oswego Tea). Red. June, July. 3.
- Myosotis.** (Forget-Me-Not). Blue. May, June. 6 inches.
- Papaver.**
Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). White, yellow. May, June. 1.
Orientalis (Oriental Poppy). Red. June. 2-3.
Orientalis. Mrs. Perry. Pink. June. 2-3. 35 cents each; \$2.00 per 10.
- Pentstemon** (Beard-Tongue).
barbatus Torreyi. Coral red. June, July. 3-4.
pubescens. Lavender. June. 2.
- Physostegia Virginica.** (False Dragon-Head). Pink. June, July. 3.
- Platycodon** (The Balloon Flower). June, July. 2-3.
Grandiflorum. Blue.
Grandiflorum Album. White.
Mariesa. Blue.
- Primula Veris Superba** (Primrose). Yellow and red. April, May. 6 inches.
- Pyrethrum Roseum.** Pink. May, June. 3.
- Rose Champion.** Cerise-red, foliage silvery. June, July. 2.
- Rudbeckia** (Cone-flower).
Golden Glow. Yellow. Aug., Sept. 6.
Neumanii. Yellow with black center. July, Aug. 2.
Purpurea. (Purple cone flower). July, Aug. 3.
- Sedum** (Stonecrop).
Acre. Yellow. June, July. 6 inches.
Spectabile. (Lavender). Aug., Sept. 1-2.
- Stokesia.** (Stokes Aster). July, Aug., Sept. 1.
Cyanea. Blue.
C. Alba. White.
- Veronica** (Speedwell).
Longifolia Subsessilis. Blue. July, Aug., Sept. 2.
Spicata. Blue. June, July. 2.
- Yucca Filamentosa** (Adam's Needle). Foliage Evergreen. Heavy spikes of bloom, surmounted with dozens of large white flowers in July. 5 feet. 25c to \$1.50.

Japanese Iris



Japanese Iris

Flowers nine to twelve inches in diameter; will grow in almost any soil that does not become too dry in summer. Prefer a warm, sunny location.

Prices 30 cts. each, \$2.50 per ten, \$18.00 per hundred, except as noted. A superb mixture made from these varieties, \$2.00 per ten, \$15.00 per hundred. Five at ten rate, fifty at hundred rate, provided not less than three of a name are ordered.

This set of varieties was selected from a large number of the best Japanese introductions and is, without doubt, as fine as any collection offered. Order by number.

4. **Yomo-no-umi.** The finest double white. 40c.
5. **Koki-no-iro.** Light violet with white veins.
11. **Hano-no-nishiki.** Violet purple veined with white.
14. **Shishi-ikari.** White ground, veined with dark purple.
15. **Gekka-no-nami.** (Syn. Gold Bound). Pure white yellowish blotches; petalo'd stigmas; six petals.
31. **Dense,** pure white, yellow blotches. Petalo'd stigmas; six petals.
40. Six petals, red striped white; petalo'd stigmas tipped red; large yellow throat.
43. Purple, overlaid with navy-blue, two standards; petalo'd stigmas purple and blue; large orange blotches; six petals; late. 50c

Our Victory Iri's commence to bloom about the middle of May and continue until the first week in June, when the peonies are in full bloom. The Japanese Iris are at their best early in July.

"The earlier one plants perennials the more profuse the bloom the following season."

44. **Amethyst.** Single. Very large, wavy petals most exquisite lavender shade. 50c.
45. **Mahogany.** Dark red, shaded maroon. 50c.
46. **Norma.** Double. Exquisite silky lavender-pink, with clear blue halo surrounding the yellow blotch at base of petals. Fine and large. 50c
47. **Ondine.** Single. White, shaded light blue towards center; very large, 9 to 10 inches. clear blue halo, overlaid with silver sheen, 50c.
50. **Rocky.** Velvety crimson.
51. **Sho-jo.** White, heavily veined violet; three small petals; violet with white border.
56. **Kakujakuro.** Blue with purple heavily feathered white; yellow blotches; standards blue; edged white; petaloid stigmas white; tipped blue; single. 40c.
57. Six petals; silvery gray, suffused and veined white. 50c.
61. **Blue-Jay.** Sky-blue, veined white. 50c.
65. **Ho-ojo.** Ruddy crimson, primrose blotches, with white halo; petaloid stigmas white, tipped with purple; six petals.
67. White, medium height; three large petals; three small petals; late. 40c.
71. **Pyramid.** Dark violet blue, slightly veined white; very fine. Last to bloom.
77. **Yayaura.** White, occasionally marked with light violet.
107. Choice white; six petals.
- Caprice.** S rosy red; F deeper rosy red, beard yellow. Handsome. 2 feet. 25 cts.
- Celeste.** Pale azure blue. 30 inches. 25 cts.
- Coelestine.** Delicate lavender-self. 3 feet. 25 cts.
- Col. Corwin.** Rich plum. 30 inches. 35 cts.
- Common Purple.** Purple. One of the best. 30 in. 25 cts.
- Darius.** S rich canary-yellow; F lilac, margined white; rich orange beard; one of the most distinct and beautiful. 20 inches. 25 cts.
- Dorothea.** Marked white, tinged lilac. 25 cts.
- Eldorado.** S fiery opalescent; F old gold silhouetted with purple, a totally distinct harmony of striking hues, perfectly blended. Has weak stems. 30 in. 50 cts.
- Fairy.** White, delicately bordered and suffused soft blue. 30 inches. 25 cts.
- Florent'na Alba.** Creamy-white, faintly flushed lavender; the blooms are quite fragrant. 2 feet. 25 cts.
- Florida.** S citron-yellow; F deeper yellow, beautifully veined. 18 inches. 25 cts.
- Ingeborg.** Pure white. Large flowers of handsome form. 35 cts.
- Jacquiesiana.** S bright coppery crimson; F rich maroon; very handsome. Scarce, 30 in. 50 cts.
- Kharpur.** S violet; F velvety purple. Very large handsome flower. 30 inches. 25 cts.
- Iris King.** S old gold; F very large velvety maroon, edged with gold. Well named "The King of the Iris". 28 inch. 50 cts.
- Kochii.** (Syn *Atropurpurea*). S and F rich claret-purple. Often sold under the name of Black Prince. 15 inches. 35 cts.
- Lorely.** S light yellow; F ultra marine, bordered with cream. 28 inches. 25 cts.
- Madame Chereau.** White elegantly frilled with a wide border of clear blue; one of the most beautiful, 32 in.

Various Irises

Pseudacorus (Common Water Flag). Whoever has in his garden a pond, ditch or even a thoroughly damp spot ought to plant this Flag. Two to three feet. Yellow. 25 cts.; \$2.00 per ten.

Sibirica (Siberian Flag). Two to three feet high, with narrow, grassy leaves; showy blue flowers beautifully veined with white and violet. 20 cts.; \$1.50 per ten.

Tall Bearded

(Victory Iris)

LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES

Plants priced at 25c each are offered at 15c each for 3 to 25 of one name; 10c each for 25 or more of one name. Those priced at 35c each are offered at 25c for 3 to 25 of one name; 25 or more at 20c each. Plants priced at 50c are offered at 40c each for 3 to 25 of one name; 25 or more at 30c each.

We offer a choice mixture made from the cheaper varieties at \$8.00 per 100, 50 at the 100 rate.

The German Irises are all sun lovers and thrive best in warm, fertile, well-drained soils. Their roots lie near the surface of the ground and require the warming, baking rays of the sun. They will thrive on almost any kind of soil except one that is continuously wet.

The following abbreviations are used: S means standards or upper petals; F means falls or lower petals.

Alcazar. S light bluish violet, F brilliant purple, Orange beard. Stout. 44 inch. \$1.00.

Black Prince (Not the English). Earliest, rich, dark purple. 2 feet. 35 cts.



Madame Chereau

Mary Garden S
Pale yellow flushed pale lavender; F creamy white minutely dotted and veined maroon; stigmas clear yellow. An elegant flower of distinct iridescent effect. 28 in. 60 cts.

Monsignor. S rich satiny violet; F velvety purple crimson with lighter margin large flowers Very late. Beautiful. 2 feet. 35 cts.

Mrs. G. Darwin. White. Upper part of F reticulated gold and violet. A very pretty new hybrid. 35 cts.

Mrs. H. Darwin. 30 ins. Late. S Pure white; F white, finely reticulated. One of the most charming whites.

Mrs. Neubrunner. Deep golden-yellow; darker than Aurea. 50 cts.

Niebelungen. S fawn-yellow; F violet purple on bronze. Very large. 50 cts.

Othello. S rich blue; F deep velvety purple; very tall and handsome. 30 inches. 35 cts.

Parc de Neuilly. S and F very dark navy-blue of reddish tinge. Large flowers of perfect form. 60c. \$5.00 per ten.

Parisiana. S, lavender pink mottled all over; F, creamy white center, very heavily bordered with lavender pink. 30 in. 50c.

Princess Victoria Louise. S sulphur yellow; F rich plum, bordered cream. 50 cts.

Prosper Laugier. S light bronze-red; F velvety ruby-purple, with orange beard. Very handsome. 50 cts.

Quaker Lady. S smoky lavender with yellow shadings; F ageratum-blue and old gold, with yellow stigmas and beard. Strong grower. Its distinguishing name is most suitable. 38 in. 60 cts.

Queen Alexandra. S fawn, shot with lilac; F lilac, reticulated bronze at base. Beard yellow. Very beautiful. 30 inches. 50 cts.

Rhe'n Nixe. S pure white; F deep violet blue with a white edge. 3 feet. 35 cts.

Rose Unique. Bright violet rose. Nearest approach to a pink Iris. Early. 50 cts.

Sappho. S white frilled lilac. F pure white reticulated lilac at base. Large flower; fine variety. 25 cts.

Sherwin-Wright. S and F splendid golden yellow flowers without shading or markings. Multiples rapidly and is most satisfactory. 24 in. 35 cts.

Victorine. S mottled blue; F violet blue, mottled white. 27 in. 25 cts.

Walhalla. S lavender; F wine red. Very showy, 20 in. 25 cts.

Wyomissing. S creamy white suffused delicate soft rose; F deep rose base, shading to flesh-colored border. 50 cts.

Pallida Section

Albert Victor. S soft blue; F beautiful lavender; large and fine. 40 inches. 25 cts.

Dalmatica. S lavender; F clear deep lavender; flowers very large, extra fine. A grand variety for massing and for cut flowers. 40 inches. 25 cts.

Garibaldi. Similar to Her Majesty, but deeper pink. 35 cts.

Her Majesty. S rose-pink; F bright crimson, tinged a darker shade. 35 cts.

Juanita. S and F clear blue, deeper than Dalmatica. Tallest of all the beardless Irises; foliage long and drooping; flowers large and fragrant. 35 cts.

Lohengrin (Pallida). S and F, soft silvery-mauve, shading nearly to white at the claw. 33 inches. 35 cts.

Queen of May. A lovely soft rose-lilac, almost pink; beautiful. 32 inches. 25 cts.

Speciosa. S dark lavender, shaded lighter; F lavender, shaded bright purple. 42 inches. 25 cts.

Phlox

Following the Iris and Peonies in time of bloom, but in no way behind them in popularity, are the Hardy Perennial Phloxes. We have weeded out all the magentas and purples and believe that our list is as select as that offered by any firm.

Blooming size, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per ten; \$18.00 per 100, except as noted. Large clumps, XX, 35 cts. each; \$3.00 per ten. Five at ten rate, fifty at hundred rate, provided not less than five of a kind are ordered.

Bridesmaid. White, with large crimson center.

Dawn. Light delicate pink, darker center; free bloomer, medium height.

Eiffel Tower. Large flowers; chaste, pure salmon with purple eye; tall grower.

Elizabeth Campbell. Very bright salmon-pink, with lighter shadings and dark red eye; one of the handsomest. 30 cts.; \$2.50 per ten.

Europe. White with decided crimson-carmine eye; individual trusses and flowers very large; sturdy, erect habit. 30 cts.; \$2.50 per ten.

Independence. Large, pure white.

Lothair. Large; rosy salmon, with crimson eye.

Mme. Bezanson. Deep red.

Miss Lingard. Blooms in May, fully six weeks earlier than the other sorts, and continues in bloom three months; a grand white variety, which should be in every collection.

Mrs. Chas. Door. A beautiful shade of lavender.

Peachblow. Delicate pink, deep rose center; rather dwarf-habit, splendid trusses. Superb.

Queen. Pure white. One of the best. Tall.

Rynstrom. A grand new Phlox, resembling Pantheon, but with larger flower heads; a soft clear pink, medium height and strong grower.

R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy-red; crimson eye.

Thor. A most beautiful and lovely shade of deep salmon-pink, suffused and overlaid with a scarlet glow. 30 cts.; \$2.50 per ten.

Von Lassburg. Purest white, individual flowers very large.

W. C. Egan. One of the finest Phloxes yet introduced and while the individual flowers according to the color chart are of a delicate lilac color, illuminated by a large bright solferino eye, the color effect as a whole is a delicate pleasing shade of soft pink. 35 cts., \$3.00 per ten.



New Phlox—Mrs. E. J. Norman

Creeping Phlox

Amoena Rosea. Beautiful plant and pretty pink flowers; very early. 5 inches.

Subulata (Moss Pink). Rose pink; blooms in May; useful for trailing over rocks.

A Superb New Phlox

Mrs. E. J. Norman. A superb, new phlox, originating at Lenox, Mass., was offered for the first time by us in 1921. When visiting "Ers-kine Park", Lenox, we were fascinated by the beauty of this new phlox, of which we procured the stock. After a trial of two years at Rosedale, we can most highly recommend it to our customers. Color is a delicate blush pink. The plant is a strong grower, and free bloomer, with petals of great substance. Price 40c each, \$3.50 per 10.

Reduced Prices of Roses for Fall 1922

We are glad to be able to offer our usual list of varieties of Hybrid Perpetuals, Hybrid Teas, and climbing roses at considerably reduced prices and assure our customers as fine stock as we have ever offered. In case customers prefer spring shipment, we will book the order at fall prices, provided a deposit of one-quarter the amount of the order is made this fall. These roses, grown on the Japanese Multiflora, now considered by rosarians the best stock, are sure to give abundant bloom with very little trouble. Late November shipment for all, except Hybrid Teas, for which we advise early spring north of New York.

No order under \$5.00 for Fall Delivery, and three or more plants of each variety must be ordered to secure the ten rate.

We Do Not Substitute Unless Requested

A combination of rates may be applied in one order. Varieties offered at 60c, \$5.00 per 10, \$45.00 per 100. Varieties offered at 75c, \$6.50 per 10, \$60 per 100. Varieties offered at 85c, \$7.50 per 10, \$70.00 per 100.

Varieties offered at \$1.00, \$9.00 per ten.

Orders for 50 or more plants, not less than 3 of a name, 100 rate.

Orders for 6 to 50 plants, not less than 3 of a name, 10 rate.

Less than 3 of a name will be sold at single rate.

HYBRID TEA

A. R. Goodwin. Coppery orange red. 75 cts.
Betty. Ruddy gold. 75 cts.
British Queen. White. 75 cts.
Chateau de Clos Vougeot. Velvety scarlet. \$1.00.
Columbia. Glowing pink. \$1.00.
Etoile de France. Velvety crimson. 75c.
Duchess of Wellington. Saffron yellow. \$1.00.
George C. Waud. Orange vermillion. 75 cts.
Gorgeous. Deep orange yellow. \$1.50.
Gruss an Teplitz. Brilliant scarlet. 75 cts.
Harry Kirk. Sulphur yellow. 85 cts.
Hoosier Beauty. Rich velvety crimson. 85 cts.
Jonkheer Mock. Imperial pink. 75 cts.
Killarney Brilliant. Pink. 75 cts.
Killarney Queen. Flesh suffused pale pink. 75 cts.
Killarney White. White. 75 cts.
Lady Alice Stanley. Deep coral red. 75 cts.
Lady Ashtown. Soft medium shade of pink. 75 cts.
Lady Pirrie. Coppery salmon. 75 cts.
Lady Ursula. Flesh pink. 75 cts.
Laurent Carle. Brilliant velvety carmine. 75 cts.
Los Angeles. Pink. \$1.00.
Mme. Butterfly. Pink. \$1.25.
Mme. Bardon Job. Pink. \$1.00.
Mme. C. Testout. Pink. 75 cts.
Mme. E. Herriot. Terra cotta. 85 cts.
Mme. Jules Bouche. White. 75 cts.
Mme. Jules Grolez. Pink. 75 cts.
Mme. Leon Paine. Salmon. 75 cts.
Mme. Ravary. Orange yellow. 75 cts.
Marquis de Sinety. Golden yellow. 75 cts.
Mrs. Aaron Ward. Indian yellow. 75 cts.
Mrs. A. Riccardo. Deep honey yellow. \$1.25.
Mrs. George Sawyer. Clear rose. 75 cts.
Old Gold. Reddish orange. 75 cts.
Ophelia. Salmon. 75 cts.
Pharisaer. White shaded salmon. 75 cts.
Prince de Bulgarie. Rosy flesh shaded salmon. 75 cts.
Queen of Fragrance. Shell pink. \$1.00.

Radiance. Even shade of pink. 75 cts.
Red Radiance. Cerise red. 85 cts.
Sunburst. Cadmium yellow. 85 cts.
Willowmere. Coral red. 75 cts.

HYBRID PERPETUAL

Earl of Dufferin. Crimson. 70 cts.
Frau Karl Druschki. White. 70 cts.
Gen. Jacqueminot. Crimson. 70 cts.
George Arends. Pink. 70 cts.
Mrs. John Laing. Pink. 70 cts.
Paul Neyron. Pink. 70 cts.
Prince Camille de Rohan. Crimson. 70 cts.
Ulrich Brunner. Scarlet. 70 cts.

CLIMBING ROSES

American Pillar. Single, lovely shade of pink.
Dr. W. Van Fleet. Rich flesh pink.
Dorothy Perkins. Pink.
Excelsa. Clear bright crimson.
Hiawatha. Single, crimson.
Lady Gay. Delicate cherry pink.
Paul's Scarlet. Semi-double, vivid scarlet. 2 yr. \$1.00.
Silver Moon. White.
Prices—2-yr., 60 cts.; 3-yr., transplanted, 75 cts.

RUGOSA ROSES

Alba. Single, white. 60 cts.
Blanc Double de Coubert. White. 60 cts.
Conrad F. Meyer. Silvery rose. 60 cts.
Mme. G. Bruant. White. 60 cts.
Rugosa Rubra. Rosy crimson. 60 cts.
Nova Zembla. White. 60 cts.
Sir Thomas Lipton. White. 60 cts.
The New Century. Flesh pink. 60 cts.
3-yr., transplanted, 75 cts. each.

ROSES IN TREE FORM

Grown on Rugosa Stock

Extra heavy plants of tree roses, at \$2.50 each; five or more at \$2.25 each. Our list is not long but excellent varieties for standards.

Frau Karl Druschki	Mme. Caroline Testout
Gruss an Teplitz	Mrs. Aaron Ward
Mrs. John Laing	Ophelia
Columbia	Sunburst
J. J. L. Mock	White Cochet
Lady Ashtown	White Killarney
Lady Alice Stanley	Willowmere
Los Angeles	Dorothy Perkins
Mme. Jules Grolez	Dr. Van Fleet
Mme. E. Herriot	

Fall Planting

You can depend upon us to hold for spring such of your order as would not be safely planted in your locality in autumn. Plant in the autumn because:

1. The roots of Fruit and many other hardy Deciduous Trees and Shrubs either form callouses or make rootlets preparatory for spring growth. If planted in spring (especially late) the leaf growth makes a greater demand for food than the roots are ready to supply. Consequently, either failure or small growth results. Thus a half year may be gained by Fall planting.

2. Perennials planted early in autumn become thoroughly established for early spring growth and practically a year is gained. But they must be planted early; September 1 to 15 is best. Like the Peony, some should never be planted in the Spring, and the earlier in the fall after September 1, the better.

3. Time for planting in autumn at Tarrytown covers a period of four (4) months, August to November inclusive; starting with Evergreens and ending with Deciduous Trees and Shrubs; while spring-

time is scant two (2) months—April and part of May.

4. Soil and Weather Conditions are usually more suitable in fall. Often a cold wet April not only hinders planting but the soil is not in that pliable condition it should be for pleasant and successful operations.

5. Help is always in greater demand in spring because of renewal in all kinds of business. Thus it may be difficult to set out plants promptly on arrival. Owing to longer season in autumn, prompt planting is not so necessary as the trees may be heeled in, awaiting convenience of the planter.

The help problem has become one of the most important reasons for Fall Planting.

6. Many of the rapid growing, hardy evergreens make their usual growth in the spring, following August or September planting; whereas in late spring planting, the growth is short because the roots have not yet become established.

Coniferous Trees

No planting is complete without evergreens. They are beautiful always. Come to see our **LARGE SIZES FOR IMMEDIATE EFFECT. SPECIMENS UP TO 25 FEET IN HEIGHT**, in Several Varieties (See Illustration): Pines, Retinisporas, Hemlocks and Spruces, all of which may be safely moved.

Nearly 77 varieties are prosperous at **ROSEDALE**. Their beauty and charm are yours at:

*"Prices as Low as Consistent
with Highest Quality"*

Abies Concolor. (White Fir). Tree of graceful habit; bright, handsome foliage; very distinct and exceedingly rare.

	Each
2 ft.	\$ 3.00
2½ ft.	4.00
3 ft.	5.00
4 ft.	6.50
5 ft.	8.00
6 to 15 ft.	\$10.00 to 50.00

Pseudotsuga—Douglas Fir

Colorado Variety

"THE DOUGLAS SPRUCE OR FIR is the tree for the million. It would be difficult to over-rate its beauty." Its horizontal branches, with pendulous branchlets richly clothed with bright green foliage, render it a striking object in the landscape. Those we planted at Lenox, Mass., in 1908, 1,000 feet above sea level in the Berkshires, have stood that trying climate as well as the hardiest varieties known and the foliage appears as bright and fresh in spring as in autumn. E. H. Wilson says of it: "Either as a lawn tree, for avenues or for massing, the Douglas Fir is equally valuable and it needs no commendation."

Height	Each	Ten
18 to 24 in.	\$ 1.75	\$ 15.00
2 to 3 ft.	2.50	20.00
3 to 4 ft.	3.50	30.00
4 to 5 ft.	5.00	45.00
5 to 6 ft.	7.00	65.00
6 to 7 ft.	9.00	80.00
7 to 8 ft.	11.00	100.00
8 to 9 ft.	13.00	120.00
9 to 10 ft.	15.00	140.00
10 to 11 ft.	17.00	160.00

Larger Specimens, \$20 to \$50



Douglas Fir

In comparing prices please note the fact that we make no charge for burlapping the ball of evergreens, or for boxing or packing sizes up to and including 4 feet.

Juniperus-Juniper

All the Junipers are valuable ornamental plants—the upright species as single specimens or in groups, and the low forms well adapted for rocky slopes or banks. Junipers thrive best in a sandy, loamy soil, moderately moist, but do well in rocky and gravelly soils in sunny open situations. Excellent for sea-side planting.

J. Oblonga Pendula. (Weeping Juniper). 15 to 20 feet high. Native of the mountains of northern Japan; perfectly hardy; very graceful.

Specimens\$25.00 to \$30.00

J. Pfitzeriana. A comparatively new form, exceedingly graceful and beautiful.

2 to 2½ ft.\$ 3.50
2½ to 3 ft. 5.00
3 to 3½ ft. 6.50

Larger Specimens\$12.00 to 35.00

J. Sabina. (Savin's Juniper). Dwarf, spreading shrub. Very valuable for rockeries, borders and groups.

2 to 2½ ft.\$ 2.50
2½ to 3 ft. 4.00
3 to 4 ft.\$5.00 to 6.00

J. S. Tamariscifolia. A procumbent shrub of great beauty with delicate bluish-green foliage.

15 to 18 in. spread.\$ 4.00
18 to 24 in. spread. 5.00
24 to 30 in. spread. 6.00

J. Sargentii. (Sargent's Juniper.) Low spreading, like tamariscifolia.

18 to 24 in. spread.\$ 2.50
24 to 30 in. spread. 3.00

J. Virginiana. (Red Cedar). Fine for formal planting.

18 to 24 in.\$ 1.50
2 to 3 ft. 2.50
3 to 4 ft. 3.00
4 to 5 ft. 4.00
5 to 12 ft.\$6.00 to 25.00

J. V. Glauca. (Blue Virginiana). Of compact, conical habit and bright, silvery foliage.

2 to 3 ft.\$ 3.50
3 to 4 ft. 5.00
4 to 5 ft. 7.00
5 to 6 ft. 9.00

Larger Specimens\$10.00 to 35.00

J. V. Schottii. Narrow pyramidal form of Virginiana; foliage light green, superb.

2 to 3 ft.\$ 4.00
3 to 4 ft. 5.00
6 to 7 ft. 9.00

Larger Specimens\$10.00 to 20.00

Pinus-Pine

The Pines are essentially inhabitants of the poor, sandy soils and dry situations. Their stout root-system enables them to seek scanty water supplies where other species find it difficult. They thrive in any good soil not too wet.

Pinus Austriaca. (Austrian, or Black Pine). One of the best Pines for forming screens and shelter for more tender trees. Is perfectly hardy and thrives in any moderately dry soil. Flourishes near the seacoast and on high, bleak hills, or in cities where smoke and dust would prohibit the use of other evergreens.

	Each	10
5 to 6 ft.	\$ 7.50	\$70.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$9.00 to 50.00	

P. Cembra. (Swiss Stone Pine). This is dwarf, of conical growth; very compact and symmetrical.

	Each
2 to 2½ ft.	\$ 3.00
2½ to 3 ft.	4.50
3½ to 4 ft.	6.50
Larger Specimens.....	\$8.00 to 25.00

P. Montana. (Swiss Mountain Pine). Useful either singly or on rocky slopes or border to other trees.

2 to 3 ft.	\$ 3.50
3 to 4 ft.	4.50
Larger Specimens.....	\$6.00 to 40.00

P. Mugho. (Dwarf Mountain Pine). A bushy species indigenous to northern Europe. Forms a dense bush and keeps below four feet in height for many years. This is one of the scarcest varieties in the market. Our stock is unusually fine.

12 to 15 in. broad.....	\$ 2.00
15 to 18 in. broad.....	2.75
18 to 24 in. broad.....	3.50
Larger Specimens.....	\$4.00 to 20.00

P. Resinosa. (Red Pine). A hardy native pine of vigorous growth. In appearance much like the Austrian.

	Each	10
5 to 6 ft.	\$ 5.00	\$40.00
6 to 7 ft.	6.00	50.00
7 to 8 ft.	7.00	60.00

P. Strobus. (White or Weymouth Pine). It is beautiful in every stage of its growth, from a plant to a stately tree of 150 feet. It is easily grown in all soils. Were we to consider its economic importance, its adaptability to climate and soil, or its ornamental use, we must give it chief place among our native pines.

3 to 4 ft.	\$ 2.50	\$20.00
4 to 5 ft.	3.50	30.00
5 to 6 ft.	4.50	40.00
6 to 7 ft.	6.00	50.00
7 to 8 ft.	7.50	65.00
8 to 9 ft.	9.00	80.00
9 to 10 ft.	10.00	90.00

Larger Specimens.....\$12.00 to 50.00



P. Strobus, White Pine, 5-6 feet
(Soil removed to show root growth)

Picea-Spruce

Spruces will grow in almost any kind of soil moderately moist, and are easily transplanted even when quite large.

Picea Alba. (White Spruce).

	Each	
6 to 7 ft.....	\$ 6.00	
Larger Specimens.....	\$7.50 to 25.00	

Picea Excelsa. (Norway Spruce).

	Each	10
5 to 6 ft.....	\$4.50	\$40.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$6.00 to 35.00	

P. Orientalis. (Eastern Spruce). Foliage smaller and more dense than that of the other Spruces; color deep glossy green, brighter and richer than the Norway Spruce.

	Each	
18 to 24 in.....	\$ 2.00	
2 to 3 ft.....	3.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	4.50	
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	
7 to 8 ft.....	12.00	
8 to 9 ft.....	15.00	
9 to 10 ft.....	18.00	
Larger Specimens.....	\$25.00 to 40.00	

P. P. G. Kosteriana. (Koster's Colorado Blue Spruce).

3 1/2 to 4 ft.....	\$10.00	
4 to 5 ft.....	15.00	
5 to 6 ft.....	17.50	
Larger Specimens.....	\$20.00 to 100.00	

Retinispora

Retinisporas thrive best in moist soils and situations not too much exposed to wintry gales.

R. Filifera. Very graceful, with its long drooping tips, ending in slender tassels. The color is most beautiful green and the shape pyramidal.

2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	\$ 4.50	
3 to 4 ft.....	6.00	
Larger Specimens.....	\$8.00 to 35.00	

R. F. Aurea. This is a dwarf golden variety of the preceding; it is the most graceful of all the Retinisporas; scarce and expensive. Pure gold.

3 1/2 to 4 ft. high.....	\$ 8.00	
4 to 5 ft. high.....	\$9.00 to 12.00	
5 to 8 ft. high.....	12.00 to 25.00	

R. Obtusa Nana Compacta—

6 to 8 in.....	\$ 1.50	
18 to 24 in.....	5.00	

R. Pisifera. Fine feathery foliage, with delicate branches.

6 to 7 ft.....	\$ 7.00	
8 to 20 ft.....	\$10.00 to 25.00	

R. P. Aurea. A beautiful golden form, with same delicate foliage as Pisifera. Growth tessellated and very wavy; vigorous habit. One of the best.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$ 3.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	5.00	
Larger Specimens.....	\$10.00 to 35.00	

R. Plumosa. Light green; soft, feathery plume-like foliage; very graceful habit.

2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	\$ 3.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	4.00	
Larger Specimens.....	\$9.00 to 50.00	

R. P. Aurea. One of the most beautiful golden evergreens at all seasons.

Specimens.....	\$8.00 to \$50.00	
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R. Squarrosa Veitchii. A handsome glaucous tree, striking appearance and color.

2 to 3 ft.....	\$ 3.00	
Larger Specimens.....	8.00 to 30.00	

Three reasons why Rosedale Evergreens have become famous, viz.:

- 1st—They are oft transplanted to develop a mass of fibrous roots and a compact growth.
- 2nd—Our soil is such that the burlapped ball will reach you in solid form.
- 3rd—Our expert system of packing.

Taxus-Yew

The Yews are very desirable evergreens, densely clothed with dark green foliage. They thrive best in a moderately moist, sandy loam, and endure shade well.

T. B. Washingtonii. One of the richest of the Yews in form and color.

Specimens, 4 to 6 ft. broad.....	\$15.00 to \$20.00
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T. Cuspidata Capitata. Japanese. Beautiful upright habit; foliage light green, perfectly plain.

4 to 6 ft.....	\$15.00 to \$25.00
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T. C. Brevifolia. Dwarf, compact and very hardy.

15 to 18 in.....	\$ 3.00	
18 to 24 in.....	5.00	
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	7.50	
2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	10.00	
3 to 4 ft.....	\$15.00 to 20.00	

T. B. Repandens. For a beautiful dwarf spreading form the Taxus Repandens is unsurpassed. Its beautiful foliage and graceful drooping branches render it unique among evergreens.

12 to 15 in. broad.....	\$ 1.50	
18 to 24 in. broad.....	3.50	
24 to 36 in. broad.....	\$5.00 to 6.00	

Thuja-Arborvitae

Thuja Occidentalis. (American Arborvitae). Beautiful native tree, commonly known as White Cedar. Especially useful for hedges and screens.

	Each	10
18 to 24 in.....	\$ 1.25	\$10.00
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	2.00	17.50
2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	2.50	20.00
3 to 4 ft.....	3.00	27.50
Larger Specimens.....	\$5.00 to 25.00	

T. O. Pyramidalis.

18 to 24 in.....	\$ 1.25	
2 to 3 ft.....	2.00	
3 to 3 1/2 ft.....	3.00	
3 1/2 to 4 ft.....	4.00	

T. O. Sibirica. It forms a beautiful compact specimen, without shearing; foliage is full and of a peculiar dark green color throughout the year.

	Each	10
18 to 24 in.....	\$ 2.50	\$22.50
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	3.00	27.50
2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	3.75	35.00
3 1/2 to 8 ft.....	\$5.50 to 12.00	

Tsuga-Hemlock

Tsuga Canadensis. (American Hemlock). One of the most beautiful native trees; being especially rapid in growth and absolutely hardy, together with the fact that it transplants easily, make it a very useful evergreen. Its fine feathery foliage and graceful habit make it a great favorite. The best evergreen for hedge-planting. It bears the shears well and may be kept at any size and shape. If allowed full sunlight, it will hold its lower branches and remain symmetrically furnished from the ground, thus making a splendid lawn specimen.

	Each	10
18 to 24 in.....	\$ 2.50	\$ 20.00
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	3.00	25.00
2 1/2 to 3 ft.....	3.50	30.00
3 to 3 1/2 ft.....	4.00	35.00
3 1/2 to 4 ft.....	5.00	45.00
4 to 5 ft.....	6.00	55.00
5 to 6 ft.....	7.50	70.00
6 to 7 ft.....	10.00	95.00
7 to 8 ft.....	12.00	115.00
8 to 9 ft.....	15.00	145.00
9 to 10 ft.....	18.00	175.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$20.00 to 75.00	

T. Caroliniana. (Southern Hemlock). A native of the mountains of the Southern States. This beautiful tree, with its dark green foliage, makes a great addition to our hardy northern ornamental evergreens.

	Each	
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	\$ 3.00	
8 to 17 ft.....	\$25.00 to 100.00	

Broad-Leaved Evergreens



O class of plants when well grown gives more satisfaction than the broad-leaved Evergreens. They are beautiful at all seasons of the year. Not only does this class include the most gorgeous flowering plants but the foliage of some, in winter, even exceeds its summer beauty especially in the Leucothoe, whose leaves take on the finest shades from bronze to intense scarlet. Our nursery is especially well supplied this year with both large and small sizes of Leucothoe, and Mountain Laurel. All of these plants are native to America.

Andromeda Floribunda. (Syn. *Pieris Floribunda*). A dwarf plant with myrtle-like foliage, bearing in early spring in great profusion, pure white flowers resembling Lily of the Valley.

	Each
15 to 18 in. broad.....	\$ 4.50
18 to 24 in. broad.....	6.00
2 to 2½ ft. broad.....	7.50

Box Handsworthii—	Each	10
18 to 24 in.....	\$2.50	\$20.00
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.00	25.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3.50	30.00

Buxus Sempervirens—Bush box—		
8 to 10 in.....	\$.75	\$ 6.50
10 to 12 in.....	1.00	9.00
12 to 20 in.....	\$1.25 to 2.00	

Buxus Suffruticosa—Box edging—	10	100
4 to 5 in.....	\$3.00	\$20.00
5 to 6 in.....	4.00	30.00

Euonymus Radicans and Variegata—		
	\$.35	\$ 3.00
XX .....	.45	4.00
XXX .....	.60	5.00
Vegetus, heavy.....	.50c to 1.50	

Kalmia Latifolia (Mountain Laurel).

The Mountain Laurel thrives in any good soil that is not impregnated with lime. Grows well in either sun or shade and is richly clothed with glossy, green leaves twelve months in the year. Add to this its masses of showy flowers in June and you have a shrub par excellence.

Nursery grown.

12 to 15 in.....	\$1.25	\$10.00
15 to 18 in.....	2.00	18.50
18 to 24 in.....	2.50	22.50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3.00	27.50
2½ to 3 ft.....	4.00	37.50
3 to 3½ ft.....	5.50	
3½ to 6 ft.....	\$6.00 to 15.00	

Leucothoe Catesbaei. (Drooping Andromeda). Most beautiful dwarf shrub for either shade or sun; the long leathery leaves take on a beautiful bronze in autumn and winter. Beautiful for Christmas decorations; dainty racemes of white or pink bell-shaped flowers cover drooping stems in early spring. Prices are very low for bushy plants.

15 to 18 in.....	\$1.50	\$12.50
18 to 24 in.....	2.50	23.50
2 to 3 ft.....	3.50	

Rhododendron—Showiest of All Flowering Shrubs

Rhododendron Maximum... (Rosebay). Nursery Grown.		
2 to 3 ft.....	\$2.00	\$17.50
3 to 4 ft.....	2.50	22.50
Larger Specimens.....	\$6.00 to 15.00	

Hybrid Rhododendron. We offer all bushy and well budded, field grown plants from a celebrated English grower. These have been four to ten years in our grounds.

Hybrid Varieties

Balled and Burlapped.	Each
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$5.00
2½ to 3 ft.....	7.00
3 to 3½ ft.....	9.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$10.00 to 30.00

Named varieties thoroughly tested for hardiness with temperature at 15 degrees below zero.

Alba Grandiflorum. Blush.
Album Elegans. French white.
C. S. Sargent. Brilliant red.
Chas. Bagley. Bright cherry red.
Charles Dickens. Red, shaded crimson.
Delicatissimum. Blush-white.
Everestianum. Rosy-lilac; large truss.
H. H. Hunnewell. Crimson.
Lady Armstrong. Pale rose.
Lady Grey Egerton. Silvery blush.
Mrs. Chas. Sargent. Pink.
Mrs. Milner. Rich crimson.
Old Port. Plum color.
Roseum Elegans. Rose color.
Parson's Gloriosa. Lilac.
President Lincoln. Rose.

R. Arbutilifolium. (Wilsoni). Dwarf pink, 15-18 in., \$3.00 each; 18-24 in., \$4.00 each; 2 to 2½ ft., \$5.00.

Vinca Caerulea Minor—

Myrtle Periwinkle, 25c; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per hundred.

Yucca Filamentosa. Adam's Needle, each \$0.50 to \$1.50.

Pachysandra Terminalis. (Japanese spurge). Excellent ground cover in sun or shade.

	10	100
1 year Plants, strong.....	\$1.50	\$10.00
2 year Plants, strong.....	2.00	15.00



Mountain Laurel

Deciduous Flowering Shrubs

Note 1. We have in addition to sizes priced below, in most varieties, large specimens that are broad and bushy, and with a fine root system, developed from frequent transplanting. Our customers have found that these large shrubs can be as safely moved as the smaller sizes. Sizes ranging from 4 to 10 feet. Write for prices of these * sizes.

Note 2. Quantity Prices.

On orders of 5 or more of a kind amounting to \$25, we allow a discount of 10%.

On orders of 5 or more of a kind amounting to \$100, we allow a discount of 15%.

On orders of 5 or more of a kind amounting to \$100 or more, we allow a discount of 20%.

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	Height Color in ft.	Season of Bloom	REMARKS	Prices (See Note 2) 1½-2 2-3 3-4 ft.
<i>Amygdalus</i>	Flowering Almond	5 Rose	May	Very double	75 1.00
<i>Aralia Pentaphylla</i>	Angelica Tree	7 White	July	Flowers in panicles	60 75
<i>*Aralia Spinosa</i>	Hercules Club	10 White	Sept. L.	Heavy prickly stem	60 75
<i>*Aralia Arborescens</i>	White Azalea	White	July	Foliage red in Autumn; very fragrant	2.00 3.00 4.00
<i>*Azalea Calendulacea</i>	Flame Azalea	Orange Red	May-June	Probably the showiest of all native azaleas	2.00 3.00 4.00
<i>*Azalea Mollis Consul Ceresole</i>	Chent Azaleas	1-4 Red	May-June	Flowers in great profusion before the May-June	2.00 3.00 4.00
<i>*Azalea Vaseyi</i>	Southern Azalea	2-5 Variegated	April & May	Foliage especially useful for hedge and showy berries. Hundred rate on application	2.50 3.00 4.00
<i>*Berberis Thunbergii</i>	Barberry	6 Yellow	June	Especially useful for hedge and showy berries. Hundred rate on application	50 1.00 1.50
<i>Buddleia</i>	Butterfly Bush	6 Violet	June	Flowers and wood fragrant	60 75
<i>Calycanthus Floridus</i>	Carolina Allspice	6 Chocolate	June	Flowers pea shaped	60 75
<i>Caragana Arborescens</i>	Pea Tree	8 Yellow	May	Attractive in foliage and flowers, followed by large blue berries	50 75
<i>*Chionanthus Virginica</i>	White Fringe (See also Deciduous Trees)	12 White	June	Sweet scented flowers in August flourishes in wet or poor ground	1.00 1.25
<i>Clethra Alnifolia</i>	Sweet Pepper Bush	6 White	Aug.	Blood-red twigs attractive in winter	60 75
<i>Cornus Sanguinea</i>	Scarlet Twigg'd Cornus	8 White	May	Red bark and white berries	60 65
<i>*Cornus Stolonifera</i>	Red Osier Dogwood	10 White	May	Bright red bark	50 65
<i>*Cornus Siberica</i>	Red Siberian Dogwood	10 White	May	Dark purple leaves	75 1.00
<i>*Corylus Avellana Atropurpurea</i>	Purple-leaved Filbert	8 Pink	June	15"-18" 50c	65 75
<i>Deutzia Crenata</i>	Double Flowered Deutzia	2 White	June	Very heavy	1.00 1.25
<i>*Deutzia Gracilis, dwarf</i>	Slender-branched Deutzia	3 Pink	June	Broad panicles	60 75
<i>*Deutzia Gracilis, Rosea</i>	Slender-branched Deutzia	3 Pink	June	Very large double	50 75
<i>*Deutzia Lemnoides</i>	Lemoines Deutzia	8 White	June	Second bloom in autumn	75 1.00
<i>Deutzia Pride of Rochester</i>	Deutzia	8 Light Pink	June	Very large double	60 75
<i>*Diervilla Amabilis</i>	Weigelia	8 Red	June	Bright red edible berries	75 1.00
<i>*Diervilla Floribunda</i>	Weigelia	8 Red	June	Rich red foliage in autumn	60 75
<i>*Diervilla Eva Rathke</i>	Weigelia	8 Red	June	Thin weeping branches	60 75
<i>*Diervilla Rosea and Variegata</i>	Weigelia	8 Red	June	Earliest bloomer of all	60 75
<i>*Eleagnus Longipes</i>	Japan Oleaster	8 Pale Yellow	May	Flowers bell shaped	50 60
<i>*Euonymus Alatus</i>	Cork Barked Euonymus	8 White	May	Flowers, double	60 75
<i>*Exochorda Grandiflora</i>	Pearl Bush	8 White	May	Single	75 1.00
<i>*Forsythia (in variety)</i>	Golden Bell	12 White	April	Flowers, double	60 75
<i>*Halesia Carolina</i>	Rose of Sharon	6 Red	Aug. & Sept.	Single	60 75
<i>*Hibiscus Syriacus, J. d'Arc</i>	Double Red Althea	6 Red	Aug. & Sept.	Single	60 75
<i>*Hibiscus S. Rubra Plena</i>	Single White Althea	6 White	Aug. & Sept.	Single	60 75
<i>Hibiscus, S. Var. Alba Plena</i>	Double Variegated	6 Variegated	Aug. & Sept.	Single	60 75
<i>Hydrangea Arbor, Grand Alba</i>	Snowball Hydrangea	7 White	June to Aug.	Single	75 1.00
<i>Hydrangea Panic, Grandiflora</i>	Globe Flower	8 Yellow	July to Oct.	\$1.00 to \$3.00 each	60 75
<i>Kerria Japonica</i>	California Privet	4-8 Yellow	July to Oct.	Bright green branches	60 75
<i>Kerria Jap. Flore-Pleno</i>	California Privet	4-8 Yellow	July to Oct.	Handsome, double	60 75
<i>*Ligustrum Ovalifolium</i>	California Privet	12 Yellow	July to Oct.	2-3 ft., \$10.00 per hun. 3-4' \$12.50	20 25

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	Height Color in ft.	Season of Bloom	REMARKS	Prices (See Note 2)		
					1 1/2-2	2-3	3-4 ft.
*Ligustrum Ithota.....	Japanese Privet.....	8 White.....	.....	Black berries, all winter.	50	35	50
*Ligustrum Regelianum.....	Regel's Privet.....	10 White.....	.....	Prostrate form of Ithota.		60	50
*Ligustrum Vulgaris.....	Common Privet.....	10 White.....	.....	Large black berries, all winter.		60	50
*Lonicera Fragrantissima.....	Upright Honeysuckle.....	8 White.....	May & June.....	Evergreen honeysuckle.		60	75
*Lonicera Morrowi.....	Japanese Honeysuckle.....	8 White.....	May & June.....	Bright red fruit.		40	50
*Lonicera Tatarica Rosea.....	Tartarian Honeysuckle.....	10 White.....	June.....	Quick growing shrub for screen.		40	50
*Pieris Macrocarpa.....	Dwarf Horse Chestnut.....	6 White.....	June.....	Very attractive both in flower and foliage.		40	2.00
*Philadelphus Avalanche.....	Mock Orange—Syringa.....	7 White.....	.....	Fragrant.		60	75
*Philadelphus Coronarius.....	Common Mock Orange.....	8 White.....	May & June.....	Very highly scented.		50	60
*Philadelphus Aurea.....	Golden Syringa.....	10 White.....	May & June.....	Golden yellow foliage.	60	75	1.00
*Philadelphus Grandiflorus.....	Large Flowered Syringa.....	10 White.....	May & June.....	Vigorous, upright growers.		40	60
*Philadelphus Bouquet Blanc.....	Double Syringa.....	6 White.....	May & June.....	A new variety—Dwarf.		60	75
*Philadelphus Lemoinei.....	Lemoine's Syringa.....	6 Yellow.....	June.....	Small fragrant flowers.		50	60
*Rhodotyus Kerroides.....	White Kerria.....	12 White.....	May.....	Black berries persist.		60	75
*Rhus Cotinus.....	Purple Fringe.....	12 White.....	June & July.....	Flowers followed by feathery seed vesicles which persist thru the summer.		60	75
*Rhus Odoratus.....	Thimbleberry.....	4 Rose Purple.....	May.....	Grows in full shade.		40	50
*Spiraea Anthony Waterer.....	Meadow Sweet.....	3 Dark Crim.....	June to Oct.....	.....	50	75	1.00
*Spiraea Billardii.....	Billards Spirea.....	8 Rose.....	July & Aug.....	.....		50	60
*Spiraea Opulifolia.....	Nine Bark.....	8 White.....	July & Aug.....	Red berries; grows well in shade.		40	50
*Spiraea Opulifolia Aurea.....	Golden-leaved Nine Bark.....	9 Cream White.....	July & Aug.....	Red berries; grows well in shade.		40	50
*Spiraea Trunifolia.....	Bridal Wreath.....	9 White.....	May-June.....	Very double.		60	75
*Spiraea Thunbergii.....	Thunberg's Spirea.....	6 White.....	May.....	High autumn color; grows in sun or shade.		75	1.00
*Spiraea Van Houttei.....	Von Houttes Spirea.....	6 White.....	May-June.....	Drooping branches laden with masses of bloom.		50	60
*Symphoricarpos Racemosus.....	Snowberry.....	6 Pink.....	May-June.....	White persistent fruit.		50	60
*Symphoricarpos Vulgaris.....	Indian Currant.....	6 White.....	.....	Coral berries persist.		50	60
*Syringa.....	Lilacs.....	8-15 White.....	.....	S—Single; D—Double.		50	60
*Japonica.....	Persian Lilac.....	4-6 Bright Purple.....	May.....	S, 6 ft. \$1.50; odorless.		50	75
*Persica.....	White Persian.....	8-10 White.....	June.....	S fragrant.		75	1.00
*Villosa.....	Common Lilac.....	8-10 White.....	May.....	S purple in bud.		60	75
*Vulgaris.....	Common White Lilac.....	8-15 Blush Purple.....	April.....	S very fragrant.		60	75
*Vulgaris Alba.....	Alne Mockery.....	8-15 Red.....	April.....	S dark purplish red.		60	75
*Vulgaris Belle de Nancy.....	Vulgaris Chas. X.....	8-15 Red.....	April.....	D brilliant satiny rose.		75	1.00
*Vulgaris Chas. X.....	Dr. Masters.....	8-15 Red.....	April.....	S very fragrant.		75	1.00
*Vulgaris Frau Dammann.....	Jacques Calot.....	8-15 Light.....	April.....	D clear—lighter center.		75	1.00
*Vulgaris Jacques Calot.....	Ludwig Spaeth.....	8-15 Pink.....	April.....	S panicles very large.		75	1.00
*Vulgaris Mad. Lemoine.....	Michael Buchner.....	8-15 Red.....	April.....	S delicate rosy pink.		75	1.00
*Vulgaris Marie Legraye.....	Fres. Grevy.....	8-15 White.....	April.....	S dark purplish red.		75	1.00
*Vulgaris Pres. Grevy.....	Corymbosum.....	4-6 Pale Lilac.....	April.....	D a superb white.		75	1.00
*Vaccinium.....	Maple-leaved Viburnum.....	8-15 Blue.....	April.....	D one of the finest.		75	1.00
		8-15 Blush Lilac.....	April.....	D panicles, very large.		75	1.00
		10 White.....	June.....	D extra fine.		75	1.00
		6 White.....	May.....	Edible blue berries; brilliant autumn foliage.	1.50	2.50	
Viburnum Acerifolium.....	Maple-leaved Viburnum.....	6 White.....	May.....	Dark berries persist; grows in sun or shade in poor ground.	60	75	
Viburnum Cassanoides.....	Withe Rod.....	7 White.....	June.....	Red-black berries; will grow in wet, shady places.		75	1.00
*Viburnum Dentatum.....	Arrow Wood.....	9 Green.....	June.....	Dark blue berries.		60	75
*Viburnum Dilatatum.....	Jap. Bush Cranberry.....	10 White.....	June.....	Showiest of all red berried shrubs.	75	1.00	1.50
*Viburnum Lantana.....	Wayfaring Tree.....	10 White.....	May.....	Red fruit persistent.		60	75
*Viburnum Lentago.....	Sheepberry.....	12 White.....	June.....	Fruit oval and black.		60	75
*Viburnum Opulus.....	High Bush Cranberry.....	8 White.....	May & June.....	Red fruit till frost.		60	75
*Viburnum Plicatum.....	Japan Snowball.....	8 White.....	June.....	Balls often 3" across.		75	1.00
*Viburnum Tomentosum.....	Single Jap. Snowball.....	8 White.....	June.....	Fruit deep red to black.		60	75
*Weigelia—See Diervilla.....							

Choice Fruits

MANY TREES OF BEARING SIZE

No charge for boxing or packing. 100 and 1,000 rates on application.

We offer a well tested list of Fruits. In addition to the two-year-old trees usually sold, we offer in most varieties four and five year trees transplanted.

Please note that the stone fruits are omitted from this list as they are not safely planted in autumn. We have an extra nice lot of transplanted plums, cherries, peaches, etc. Place your order now and have them reserved for you.

With well developed roots, these extra size trees will soon come into bearing. In fact, some of them are bearing fruit in the nursery this year.

Apples

	Each	10
Standard. First-class, 5 to 7 ft.....	\$.75	\$ 7.00
First-class, 5 to 10 ft., transplanted	\$1.00 to 2.50	
Dwarf—		
3 to 4 ft.....	\$1.50	\$14.00
4 to 8 ft., trans.....	\$2.00 to \$4.50	

Summer

Early Harvest. Yellow. July and Aug.
Golden Sweet. Large, yellow. Aug. and Sept.
Red Astrachan. Crimson, streaked yellow. July and Aug.
Sweet Bough. Pale yellow. August.
Yellow Transparent. Skin pale yellow, sub-acid. Aug.

Autumn

Bismarck. Red and yellow; hardy, very early.
Fall Pippin. Yellow, fine baking. Dec.
Fameuse. (Snow Apple). Deep crimson; flesh snowy white; dessert. Nov. to Jan.
Gravenstein. Red and yellow. Sept. and Oct.
Oldenburg, Duchess of. Red and yellow; bears young. Aug. and Sept.
Wealthy. Dark red and yellow; flesh white, sub-acid. Oct.

Winter

Baldwin. Bright red; very productive.
Delicious. Brilliant dark red; sweet, juicy.
R. I. Greening. Constant bearer; best cooking.
Grimes' Golden. Rich golden yellow. Jan. to Apr.
Hendrick Sweet. Red. Nov. to Apr.
McIntosh. Dark red. Flesh white. Nov. to Feb.
Newtown Pippin. One of the best. Nov. to June.
Northern Spy. Yellow striped red. Until June.
N. W. Greening. Flesh yellow, fine grained, firm.
Rambo. Yellow and red. Oct. to Jan.
Rome Beauty. Yellow and bright red. Dec. to Mar.
Spitzenburg. (Esopus). Deep red; flesh yellow.
Stayman Winesap. Dark red; sub-acid.
Sutton Beauty. Waxen yellow. Jan. to Feb.
Talman's Sweet. Whitish-yellow, tinged red.
Twenty Ounce. Striped, cooking. Oct. to Sept.
Winter Banana. Pale yellow, tint red.

Dwarf Apples

Our stock of Dwarf Apples is quite complete. Some of the trees bore this year a dozen or more apples each in the nursery row.

Delicious.	McIntosh
Duchess of Oldenburg.	Northern Spy.
Fameuse.	Red Astrachan.
Gravenstein.	Wealthy.
Greening.	Yellow Transparent.

Crab Apples

Hyslop. Beautiful in flowers; crimson. Oct.
Transcendent. Red and yellow. Sept.

Pears

Standard, 5 to 7 ft.....	\$1.50	13.50
XXX, Transplanted.....	\$2.00 to 4.00	
Dwarf, 3 to 4 ft.....	.90	7.50
XXX, Transplanted.....	\$1.25 to 2.00	

*Indicates both dwarf and standard.

Summer

*Bartlett. One of the best known Pears. Early September.
*Clapp's Favorite. Resembles Bartlett, ripening a few days earlier.
Tyson. Good size, juicy and sweet. August.

Autumn

Bosc (Beurre Bosc). Large, russety Pear. Oct.
*Duchess d'Angouleme. Attains perfection as a dwarf. Very large.
Howell. Yellow, sweet. October.
*Kieffer. Golden-yellow; bears young. Oct. and Nov.
*Seckel. Strong grower and good bearer.
*Worden Seckel. Large fruit. Oct. to Dec.
Sheldon. Large round, russet and red; very juicy, melting and vinous. Oct.

Winter

*Anjou. Large, handsome, buttery; an excellent bearer; keeps until Christmas.
Lawrence. Golden-yellow, medium size, and abundant bearer. Nov. to Jan.
Winter Nelis. Medium. Medium size, dull russet; rich fine flavor, good bearer. Nov. to Jan.

Hardy Grapes

	Each	10
First-class, 2-year	\$.40	\$ 3.00
First-class, 3-year .....	.60	5.00
First-class, 4-year, transplanted.....	.75	6.50

Empire State, Gaertner, Winchel—

2-year .....	.50	4.00
3-year .....	.75	6.50
4-year, transplanted.....	1.00	8.00

Black Varieties

Campbell's Early. Ripens early, keeps well.
Concord. Well-known; succeeds everywhere.
Moore's Early. Desirable for early crop.
Worden. Seedling of Concord, ten days earlier. Superior to it in flavor, but does not bear shipping so well.

Red Varieties.

Agawam. Bunches large. Ripens early.
Brighton. Early, vigorous and productive.
Delaware. Sweet and vinous. Perfectly hardy.
Gaertner. Sweet, pleasant; very showy.
Lindley. Flesh, tender, with rich aromatic flavor.
Salem. Ripens with Concord.

White Varieties.

Empire State. Yellowish green, one of the best table grapes.
Moore's Diamond. Yellowish, very juicy.
Niagara. Pale green; sweet; ripens with Concord.
Winchel. (Green Mountain). The earliest white.

S. G. HARRIS, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

The use of this ORDER SHEET Will insure the prompt and correct filling of your order

Date sent

Post Office Address

Name

State

Express Address (if different from P. O.)

Ship about 1922

Via

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

No.

Rec'd.

Shipped

By

Quantity	DOUBLE VARIETIES	2-4 Eye Div.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	\$
	ALSACE-LORRAINE	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.50	\$ 6.50	\$	
	ALFRED DE MUSSET		1.00	1.50	2.00	
	ADOLPHE ROUSSEAU		2.00	3.00		
	ALBATRE		1.25	1.75	2.25	
	ALBERT CROUSSE		1.25	2.00		
	ASA GRAY		1.50	2.25		
	AUGUSTIN D' HOUR		1.00	1.50		
	AURORE		1.50	2.25		
	AVALANCHE		1.25	2.00		
	BARONESS SCHROEDER		1.50	2.25		
	BOULE DE NEIGE		.75	1.25	1.75	
	CANARI		.60	.85	1.25	
	CARNEA ELEGANS		1.00	1.50		
	CLAIRE DUBOIS		1.30	2.00		
	COURONNE D' OR		.75	1.25	1.75	
	DE CANDOLLE		.60	1.00	1.50	
	DELACHEI		.75	1.25		
	DOCTEUR BRETONNEAU (Guerin)		.75	1.25		
	DUC DE WELLINGTON		.50	.75	1.00	
	DUCHESS DE NEMOURS		.65	1.00	1.50	
	EDULIS SUPERBA		.65	1.00		
	ELWOOD PLEAS	5.00	6.50			
	EUGENE BIGOT		2.50			
	EUGENE REIGNOUX		1.00	1.50	2.00	
	EUGENE VERDIER	1.50	2.50			
	EUGENIE VERDIER		1.25	1.75	2.50	
	FELIX CROUSSE		1.00	1.40		
	FESTIVA		.50	.75	1.00	
	FESTIVA MAXIMA		.65	1.10	1.50	
	FRANCES WILLARD	6.00	7.50			
	GALATHEE	5.00	6.00			
	GENERAL BERTRAND		.50	.75	1.00	
	GERMAINE BIGOT		1.75	2.50		
	GLOIRE DE CHAS. GOMBAULT		1.00	1.50		
	GLOIRE DE CHENONCEAUX		.50	.75	1.00	

For Discounts and Special Offer, See Page 6

Quantity

	2-4 Eye Div.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	\$
GLOIRE DE TOURAIN		2.00	3.00		
GOLDEN HARVEST		.75	1.25		
GRANDIFLORA		1.25	2.00		
GRANDIFLORA NIVEA PLENA		1.00	1.50	2.00	
HENRY MURGER		.50	.75		
JAMES KELWAY		2.00	3.00		
JEANNE D'ARC		.75	1.25		
JUBILEE	7.00	10.00			
KELWAY'S GLORIOUS	28.00	35.00			
KARL ROSENFELD		2.75	4.00		
LADY ALEXANDRA DUFF	5.00	7.50			
LADY CURZON		2.00	3.00		
LAMARTINE		1.25	1.75		
LA ROSIERE		1.25	1.75		
LA TENDRESSE		1.00	1.50	2.50	
LA TULIPE		.50	.75		
LAURA DESSERT	15.00	20.00			
LE CYGNE	13.50	20.00			
LIVINGSTONE		1.25	1.75	2.50	
LONGFELLOW	6.75	9.75			
LORD KITCHENER		2.75			
MME. AUGUSTE DESSERT		2.00	2.75		
MME. BOLLET		.75	1.00		
MME. BOULANGER		1.50	2.25		
MME. BUCQUET		.75	1.25		
MME. CALOT		.75	1.25		
MME. CHAUMY		.50	.75	1.00	
MME. CROUSSE		.60	1.00	1.50	
MME. DE GALHAU			1.00	1.50	
MME. D'HOURL		1.00	1.50	2.00	
MME. DE TREYERAN	3.00	4.00			
MME. DE VATRY		.75	1.00	1.50	
MME. DE VERNEVILLE		.60	1.00	1.50	
MME. DUCEL		.75	1.25		
MME EMILE GALLE		1.00	1.50		
MME. EMILE LEMOINE		1.50	2.25	3.25	
MME. GEISSLER		1.25	1.75	2.25	
MME. JULES DESSERT	5.00	7.50			
MME. LEMOINE		1.00	1.50		
MME. LEMONIER		2.00	3.00		
MLLE. LEONIE CALOT		.75	1.25	2.00	
MLLE. MARIE CALOT		1.00	1.50	2.00	
MLLE. RENEE DESSERT		.60	1.00	1.50	
MLLE. ROUSSEAU		1.25	1.75	2.25	
MARCELLE DESSERT	2.25	3.00			
MARGUERITE GERARD		1.00	1.50	2.00	
MARIE		1.00	1.50	2.00	
MARIE CROUSSE	2.25	3.00	4.50		
MARIE D'HOURL		.60	1.00	1.50	
MARIE JACQUIN		1.00	1.50		
MARIE LEMOINE		1.00	1.50		
MARTHA BULLOCH	16.50	24.00			
MILTON HILL		2.50	3.50		
MODESTE GUERIN		1.00	1.75		
MONS. BARRAL		.75	1.25	2.00	
MONS. BASTIEN LE PAGE		1.00	1.50		
MONS. BOUCHARLOT AINE		.65	1.00	1.50	

Quantity	2-4 Eye Div.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	\$
MONS. DUPONT		.90	1.40		
MONS. JULES ELIE		1.50	2.25		
MONS. MARTIN CAHUZAC	2.75	4.00	6.00		
MONT. BLANC	3.00	5.00			
NUMBER ONE	4.00	6.50			
OCTAVIE DEMAY		1.00	1.50	2.25	
PHILOMELE		1.00	1.50		
PETITE RENEE		1.00	1.50	2.00	
PIERRE DUCHARTRE		1.40	2.15		
PRIMEVERE	3.50	5.00			
PRINCE DE TALINDYKE		1.00	1.50		
PURPUREA SUPERBA		.75	1.25	1.75	
REINE HORTENSE		2.50	3.50		
ROSA BONHEUR	4.50	6.75			
RUBRA SUPERBA		.75	1.25	1.75	
SARAH BERNHARDT	3.00	4.50	8.00		
SOLANGE	5.40	7.75			
SOUV. DE LOUIS BIGOT	7.50	10.00			
SOUV. DU DR. BRETONNEAU		.60	1.00	1.50	
SUZANNE DESSERT		1.25	1.75	2.25	
THERESE	4.00	5.00			
TOURANGELLE	5.75	8.50			
TRIOMPHE DE LILLE		.65	1.00	1.50	
UMBELLATA ROSEA		.50			
VENUS		1.25	1.75		
WALTER FAXON	5.50	7.50			
OFFICINALIS MUTABILIS		.50	.75		
OFFICINALIS RUBRA		1.00	1.50		

SINGLE AND JAPANESE VARIETIES

CLAIRETTE		3.00			
DOG ROSE		3.00			
EGLANTINE	5.00	8.00			
HO-GIOKU	4.00	6.00			
KAMENO-KEROGOMO	2.50	3.50			
KINOKIMO		2.50			
LA FIANCEE		2.00	3.00		
LEMON QUEEN		1.25	1.75		
L'ETINCELANTE		2.50	3.50		
LUCIENNE	3.00	4.00			
MADLINE GAUTHIER	6.00	9.00			
MARGUERITE DESSERT	6.50	9.00			
MIKADO	2.50	3.50	5.00		
No. 1,000			.75		
PERLE BLANCHE	4.00	5.00			
PRINCESS ALEXANDRA		.65	1.00		
PERLE ROSE	4.00	6.00			
PRINCESS OF WALES	1.50				
TOKIO	5.00	7.00			
VELOUTINE		1.00	1.50		
VENISE	3.00	4.00			
VESUVE		2.00	3.00		
WHITLEYI MAJOR		1.00	1.50		
WHITE LADY	7.00	10.00			
YESO	3.00	4.00			

Quantity

OTHER PLANTS

\$

Quinces

	Each	10
First-class. XX.....	\$1.25	\$11.50
Transplanted. XXX.....	\$1.50 to 4.00	
*Orange. Large, round, golden yellow. Oct.		
*Rea's Mammoth. Large fine variety of the Orange		
Quince; vigorous and productive.		
*Champion. Large, oval, bears very young.		

Currants

Currants—Two year.

Fay's Prolific and White Grape.....	\$2.00
Perfection	2.50

Currants—Continued

Fay's Prolific. Probably the best red currant. Less acid than the Cherry, excellent flavor, very productive.

Perfection. (New). Red, rich, mild sub-acid.

White Grape. The best white currant.

Rhubarb

Rhubarb	\$1.25
XXX	2.00

Plant 3 feet apart each way. Fertilize well late in the fall, spading in the fertilizer in the spring.

Myatt's Linnaeus. Large, early, tender.

Deciduous Trees

The deciduous trees of this list, being perfectly hardy, may be planted in many sections of the northern United States. We have omitted from this list many choice trees on which there is some question of fall planting, such as beeches, birches, tulip trees, etc. Those desiring other trees from those found in our list, will find in the spring catalog quite a complete list including large trees for immediate effect. In orders placed this fall, we will be pleased to reserve such of the trees as will be more safely planted in the spring. If we find your order includes any trees on which there is a question of safety of fall planting, we will hold them until spring.

Dogwood

White-flowering—	Each	10
4 to 5 ft.....	\$1.50	\$10.00
5 to 6 ft.....	2.00	15.00
6 to 7 ft.....	2.50	20.00
7 to 8 ft.....	3.00	25.00
8 to 10 ft.....	3.50	30.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$4.00 to 15.00	

Pink-flowering (rubra)—

4 to 5 ft.....	\$3.50
4 to 6 ft.....	4.50
6 to 7 ft.....	6.00
7 to 8 ft.....	8.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$10.00 to 18.00

Double White—

4 to 6 ft.....	\$3.50
6 to 8 ft.....	5.00
8 to 10 ft.....	6.00

Kousa, Japanese—

4 to 5 ft.....	\$3.00
5 to 6 ft.....	4.00
6 to 7 ft.....	5.00
7 to 8 ft.....	6.00

Elm

American—		
8 to 10 ft.....	\$2.00	\$15.00
1½ to 1½ in. caliper, 10-12 ft.	2.50	22.50
1½ to 2 in. caliper, 12-14 ft.	3.50	30.00
2 to 2½ in. caliper, 12-14 ft.	4.50	40.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$6.50 to 25.00	

Huntington—

25 to 30 ft.....	\$12.50 to \$20.00
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Horse-Chestnut**Common White—**

8 to 10 ft.....	\$2.00
10 to 12 ft.....	2.50
Larger Specimens.....	\$3.00 to 5.00

Double White—

8 to 10 ft.....	\$2.50
10 to 12 ft.....	3.00
12 to 16 ft.....	\$4.00 to 6.00

Pink—

10 to 12 ft.....	\$3.00
12 to 16 ft.....	\$4.00 to 6.00

Linden

T. American—		
8 to 10 ft.....	\$2.25	\$20.00
10 to 12 ft.....	3.25	30.00
12 to 14 ft.....	4.50	42.50

T. Platyphyllos (Broad-leaved Linden)—

10 to 12 ft.....	\$3.50	\$30.00
12 to 14 ft.....	5.00	35.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$6.00 to \$8.00	

T. Europea Rubra (Red-twigged)—

10 to 12 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$7.50 to \$25.00	

T. Argentea (White-leaved Weeping)—

10 to 12 ft.....	\$4.00	\$35.00
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Maple**Norway—**

	Each	10
1½ to 2 in. caliper, 12-14 ft..	\$3.00	\$25.00
2 to 2½ in. caliper, 14-16 ft..	3.50	30.00
2½ to 3 in. caliper, 16-18 ft..	5.00	40.00
3 to 3½ in. caliper, 16-18 ft..	7.00	65.00
3½ to 4 in. caliper, 18-20 ft..	12.00	100.00
4 to 8 in. caliper, 20-28 ft., each	\$12.00 to 35.00	

Reitenbach—

12 to 14 ft.....	\$2.00 to \$ 3.00
14 to 16 ft.....	3.50 to 4.50
Larger Specimens	5.00 to 10.00

Schwedler's Purple—

10 to 12 ft.....	\$3.00
12 to 15 ft., 2-2½ in. caliper....	4.00
15 to 18 ft., 2½-3 in. caliper,	\$4.50 to 6.50
Larger Specimens.....	5.00 to 40.00

Sugar—

12 to 13 ft., 1½ to 2 in.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
14 to 16 ft., 2 to 2½ in.....	4.00	30.00
16 to 18 ft., 2½ to 3 in.....	5.50	45.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$7.50 to 65.00	

Silver—(Dasycarpum)—

12 to 14 ft.....	\$3.00	\$25.00
14 to 16 ft.....	4.00	30.00
Larger Specimens.....	\$4.00 to 14.00	



A CROSS ROAD IN ROSEDALE NURSERIES

ROSEDALE SPECIALTIES

Although Leading Specialties at Rosedale are Evergreens and Peonies, of which there are thousands upon thousands of fine specimens, nevertheless a full supply of Deciduous Shrubs and Trees, both fruit and ornamental, render Rosedale Nurseries one of the most complete in the Empire State.

OUR STOCK OF LARGE SIZES OF ALL THESE IS UNEXCELLED

These may be moved with safety, as frequent transplanting has developed a mass of feeding roots close to the trunk.

We are glad to announce reduced prices in many sizes for Fall delivery.

Rosedale Trees rank high with experts, and are recommended by the most noted landscape architects of New York and Boston. One order alone, Spring 1921, from a well known firm, amounted to \$7,700. This order came our way because, from a previous order of nearly \$8,000, only three trees failed. This is a remarkable record since these were mostly very large trees.

Our location on the Saw Mill River road, one and one-quarter miles north of the County Alms House at East View, is within short trucking distance to all points in Westchester County.

S. G. HARRIS, Tarrytown, N. Y.

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